Advertising
To a well stocked store, like rain to a thirsty plant enlivens and leaves "silver drops" all around.
☆ ☆ ☆ ☆ ☆ ☆ ☆

Victoria Times.

A Catchy Advertisement
In an evening paper is like a rainbow in the East. It is a bright pledge of tomorrow's business sunshine.

VOL. 21 — VICTORIA B. C., TUESDAY, MARCH 19, 895 — No. 66

...Good...
Repairing

Lasts longer than flimsy work. We are always particular to do good work

Challoner & Mitchell, 47 Government Street, Opposite Bank of B. C.

Style

Latest Novelties and Newest Creations in Ladies' Waists and Shirts.

At The Westside,
70 Government St.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

....OPENING OF....

MILLINERY AND MANTLES

WEDNESDAY, 20th, THURSDAY, 21st, And Following Days. at

Manchester House, 88 Yates St.

Miss Wadsworth having just returned from the East will be pleased to show her friends and patrons some of the latest creations in Millinery, French, English and American pattern Hats and Bonnets, Trimmings, Etc.

Jackets, Mantles, Capes and Blouses have arrived. These goods are the very latest styles and were personally selected by Mr. Haughton in the Eastern Markets.

A beautiful range of Shirt Waists, the New Roll Point Collar, and the high turn down Collar are the noticeable things in Blouses.

Ladies' Duck Suits, Coat, Vest and Pkirt.

MANCHESTER HOUSE, 88 Yates St.
MONDAY, MARCH 18, 1895.

NEW GOODS

Just received 2 Cases **WOOLENS AND WORSTEDS.**

This is an early shipment of our Spring and Summer order and comprises Fashionable Spring Fabrics in New Shades and Patterns.

See these Goods and get our prices.

A. Gregg & Son,
TAILORS 62 YATES STREET

Phœnix Fire Insurance Co.
HARTFORD, CONN.

Having been appointed agents of Vancouver Island for the above Company, we beg to solicit a share of the patronage of our numerous friends.

SPRATT & MACAULAY, Adelphi Block, 104 Government Street

MONEY TO LOAN.

NEWS OF THE DOMINION.

The Continuation of the Preliminary Trial of the Hyams Brothers.

Coal Miners at Springhill N. S. Resume Work Under the Old Agreement.

Toronto, March 19.—The preliminary trial of the Hyams brothers for the murder of H. C. Wells was resumed yesterday afternoon, Messrs. Wellaud and Goach, counsel for the prisoners, having arrived from New York. The first witness, John Thompson, deposed that when the weight was on the hook it could not come off. He was a sailmaker by trade and had repaired the warehouse elevator. Undertaker Humphrey gave evidence at considerable length describing the scene and injuries to Wells when he arrived.

Quebec, March 19.—The two young Smiths reported to have been found dead in a shanty along the Saskatchewan river, are believed to be the sons of Sergt. John Smith of the military stores department at the citadel.

Montreal, March 19.—The C. P. R. traffic for the week ending March 14th, $271,000; same week last year, $319,000.

Kingston, March 19.—Four students of Queen's university connected with the recent theft of books, have received their punishment. Two have been expelled, one suspended for the remainder of the present term, and the other reprimanded.

Botany, Ont., March 19.—On Friday while Richard Fitch and his two brothers-in-law, William and John Masson, were engaged in felling trees in the woods, Fitch was struck on the head by a falling tree. He lived for 48 hours, when death terminated his sufferings.

Springhill, N. S., March 19.—The miners have resumed work at Springhill under the old agreement against which they struck on Saturday.

Yarmouth, N. S., March 19.—The Globe Hotel was uncoofed by fire early yesterday.

The Eastern War.

London, March 19.—A Tokio dispatch says Li Hung Chang, accompanied by ex-Secretary Foster, arrived at Simonoseki this morning. He was received by Count Inonye, and together with other members of the peace commission was escorted to the office of the minister of foreign affairs, where they were presented to that gentleman and another Japanese official delegated to treat with the Chinese.

That Prescription
Should be prepared with the purest Drugs by a competent Pharmacist. We promise you this.

John Cochrane,
Prescription Druggist,
Successor to Cochrane & Munn,
Corner Yates and Douglas Streets.

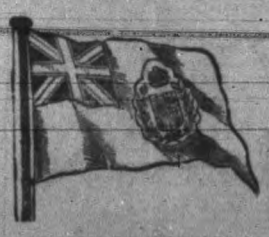
NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SINGLE TAX MEETING at Temperance Hall tomorrow evening. Lecture by R. H. West on "The Dignity of Labor." All welcome. Ladies specially invited. Questions invited. mr19-1t

WANTED—Agents for the Mass. Benefit Life Association of Boston, Mass.; The Guarantee Accident Lloyds of New York; The Great Western, of Denver, Col.; The Tontine Savings Association of Minneapolis, Minn.; The California Mutual Benefit Society, of San Francisco. Apply to G. G. Bigger, between 6 and 8 p.m., at Dr. F. W. Hall's office, Driard Block. mr19-3t

THE DAUGHTERS OF ENGLAND will give a Social and Dance in the A.O.U.W. Hall Thursday Evening. Admission 50c. mr19-1t

THE BEST Hams, Bacon and Lard in the city, 12 1-2 cts. per lb., No. 5 City Market. mr19-2t



YOUNG MEN'S LIBERAL CLUB.

A meeting of the above Association will be held in PIONEER HALL, Broad Street,

This Evening

At 8 o'clock for the transaction of business.

Messrs. MILNE and TEMPLEMAN, the Opposition Candidates will address the meeting.

Songs, Musical selections, etc., will follow the business of the meeting.

A full attendance is earnestly requested.

C. A. GREGG, Secretary.

RIOTOUS OFFICERS.

Warned That They Will be Held Responsible for any Further Trouble

Madrid, March 19.—General Campos, captain-general of Madrid, told the officers of the Madrid garrison last evening that they would be held personally responsible if there was any further rioting on their part. He also warned the journalists if they made any furtner attacks upon the army calculated to incite rioting they would undoubtedly be shot.

NOT ONE TO TELL THE TALE

Wreck of the Spanish Cruiser Reina Regent Was Found This Morning.

She Sank in Shallow Water, But the Whole Crew Were Evidently Drowned.

Madrid, March 19.—The missing warship Reina Regent has been found near the Straits of Gibraltar. The ship had sunk in shoal water and lies half submerged.

Cadiz, March 19.—The Spanish cruiser Alfonso arrived here this morning. She found the Reina Regent at Balfo Acetunos where she had sunk. Only about 18 inches of her masts were visible above the surface of the water. The cruiser has returned to the scene of the wreck with divers.

It is believed all of the crew of the Reina Regent has been lost. Not a single survivor has been reported as having arrived at any port nor has a single body been found that could be identified as that of the officers or crew of the lost ship. Divers will be sent down by the Alfonso for the purpose of removing the bodies from the sunken ship.

The last seen of the cruiser before she foundered was when she was being buffetted by a severe storm. She had lost her bridge and smokestack and appeared to be unmanageable. Some time ago it was discovered that she was top heavy and to remedy this the position of some of her guns was changed but there were those who thought that even with this change she would not weather a very severe storm. It is probable that the weather was too rough to allow the crew to reach shore after she foundered. Her crew number 400 officers and men.

DEMANDS REPARATION.

Nicaragua Must Indemnify Hatch and Other British Subjects.

Washington, March 19.—The utmost reticence is observed at the Nicaraguan legation to-day regarding the report that England had submitted a ultimatum to Nicaragua, which provides for a cash indemnity of seventy-five thousand dollars to Hatch and a commission to adjudicate the damages sustained by other British subjects as a result of the troubles in the Mosquito reservation last year. Gen. Barrios who was sent to England by Nicaragua to adjust the matter, this morning stated that he had nothing to say regarding England's ultimatum. Barrios left for New York to-day and purposes sailing for Colon to-morrow. England's attitude in this matter is regarded here as one of great severity. It is said Hatch was expelled from Nicaragua for fomenting troubles in the Mosquito reservation and was not the British consular agent at Bluefields, but merely a merchant there. On the other hand it is stated by those familiar with Great Britain's side of the case that Hatch was pro-consul of England at Bluefields, and it is denied he was a moving spirit in the trouble.

AN INTERESTING CASE.

Suit to Recover Lands Sold for Taxes Some Years Ago.

Georgetown, Ohio, March 19.—The court that meets here next week will hear an interesting case in which $50,000 worth of property is involved. Seven years ago Samuel Gist, a rich Virginian slaveholder died in England. His will freed several hundred slaves and the trustees were directed to purchase farms for them in Ohio. Several thousand acres were bought for them in Adams, Highland and Brown counties and the negroes placed on them. The remoteness of markets and the ignorance of the blacks caused a failure and the farms were sold for taxes. Now a railroad runs through that section, fine farms abound and several villages have sprung up. Gist's heirs have decided to contest.

BURNED AT SEA.

Crew of the Steamer Donau Arrive At Liverpool.

Liverpool, March 19.—The steamer Delaware from New York, March 6th arrived to-day with the crew of the steamer Donau from Hamburg for Philadelphia, which was abandoned on fire at sea on March 16th.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder World's Fair Highest Award.

NOTHING HAS YET BEEN DONE

While Members of the Cabinet Are Fighting Business is Suffering.

Another Little Scheme by Which They Are Trying to Shirk the Question.

Ottawa, March 19.—It is learned on good authority to-day that a remedial order regarding Manitoba schools has been passed, but it will not be served if that can be avoided on the Manitoba legislature before it prorogues. In this way it will be put over for another year. This change of programme will do away with a session, because there will be no answer to the Dominion parliment to be dealt with. It is expected the legislature will prorogue on Friday and the order will be dispatched to reach there on Monday.

The cabinet met yesterday morning at 11 o'clock and continued in session up to six o'clock, with an adjournment for lunch; but reached no decision on the school question. It is evident the mem-members of the cabinet are irreconcilably divided on the question, and moreover the policy mapped out four weeks ago cannot now be adhered to. Sir Frank Smith was present at yesterday's council. He was accompanied from Toronto by his daughter and a special attendant owing to his present indispositon and stated that he would be returning at night. After the council, however, he announced his intention of remaining two or three days.

Messrs. Ives, Patterson and Dickie left the council at 4 o'clock and took the Montreal train. Their mission must be important and something no doubt depends on its issue. Senator Drummond, Montreal, the man usually consulted in a crisis has been summoned.

Winnipeg, March 19.—The Conservative party managers have decided not to hold the provincial convention for some time.

Chatham, N. B., March 19.—The Liberal convention yesterday unanimously nominated Hon. Peter Mitchell to oppose Hon. Michael Adams for the commons.

Brockville, March 19.—The Liberal demonstration which was to have been held here on Thursday has been postponed on account of the illness of Laurier.

Quebec, March 19.—Private news received here from Athabasca is to the effect that Laurier's health is improving. He has ben ordered by his doctors to take a few days rest.

Cornwall, March 19.—There is a split in the Conservative ranks. Some favor the present member, Dr. Bergin, while equally as many favor E. A. Pringle, a rising young lawyer. A convention will choose the candidate at Newington to-day.

THE ALLIANCA AFFAIR.

Report that She was Flying the British Flag When Fired Upon.

Madrid, March 19.—The American minister informed the United Press last evening that the Spanish government had answered his note saying that as yet the foreign office had received no notice of the alleged firing upon the Alliance. The government promised to make urgent enquiries for an official report of the incident and the affair is adjourned pending its receipt.

New York, March 19.—Captain Crossman has made an affidavit declaring that he used the American flag in saluting the Spanish gunboat which fired at the Alliance off the Cuban coast.

Washington, March 19.—Official advices received to-day fully confirm the Havana dispatch about the Spanish cruiser Conde de Venadito, firing on a vessel off the Cuban coast. The commander of the cruiser, however, according to these advices, insists that the vessel unplayed the British flag.

CONFEDERATION CONFERENCE.

Arrangements For the Meeting at Ottawa—Hawaiian Sentences.

London, March 19.—The government stated in the commons to-day that the Canadian and Newfoundland governments had agreed to hold a conference at Ottawa for the purpose of discussing the question of the admission of the latter into the Dominion. It was not known whether the dispute regarding the French fisheries will be discussed at the conference.

Foreign Secretary Grey stated that as soon as an official report of the sentence at Honolulu of Rickard has been received the question of applying for mitigation of the sentence will be considered.

WAS IT JUSTIFIABLE?

A Man Beats His Brother's Brains Out For Beating a Woman.

Bangor, Me., March 19.—Chas. Thompson beat out his brother Edward's brains last night with a club. Edward had been drinking. He first attacked Charles and then the latter's wife. He was cruelly beating the woman when Charles killed him.

CANADIAN DISPATCHES.

B. B. Osler Retained by the Ontario Government to Prosecute in all Murder Cases.

Hamilton, March 18.—Bishop Dowling, preaching yesterday, spoke strongly on the school question, holding that the Catholic church has never interfered with other denominations in Canada, and should not be interfered with in its right to educate children.

Cornwall, March 18.—The trial of Frank Easterbrook and Carpenter, charged with shooting the Indian Oak, is now on and will probably last two weeks.

Winnipeg, March 18.—Mrs. Laura Laugton has, on appeal, been granted a decree absolute in divorce proceedings against her husband in the Chicago courts. Her application on first hearing was refused on the ground that she and defendant were both British subjects and should seek a remedy in their own courts. She now secures the custody of their child. The husband is now a resident of Vancouver.

Premier Greenway is expected to take his seat in the legislature to-morrow.

A gentleman from Lake Manitoba says that settlers living near the lake are being troubled again by high water.

Toronto, March 18.—The World says that B. B. Osler's eloquent tongue will not again be heard pleading for the acquittal of persons accused of murder, as the Ontario government has permanently retained this master of jury rhetoric to prosecute in all murder cases.

Montreal, March 18.—C.P.R. traffic receipts for week ending March 14th were $271,000. In the same week last year they were $319,000. Mileage, 6,791.

Ex-Senator Warner Miller, of New York, is in Montreal for the purpose of discussing with Canadian capitalists the ship canal scheme to connect the port of New York with the great lakes. He considers that the proposed canal is a necessity, as if the wheat growers of Minnesota and the Dakotas and of the Canadian Northwest are going to compete successfully with Russia and India, they must have the cheapest possible freight to the seaboard. He does not think that such a canal would injure the railroads.

The Gazette has cut its price from three to two cents, owing to the reduction in the price of the Herald.

Ottawa, March 18.—The government has received no information that the Imperial authorities have decided to allow the Canadian copyright act.

Chief Justice Strong and Dalton McCarthy had a row in the Supreme Court on Saturday. Mr. McCarthy said he would be compelled to bring the Chief's ruling before a higher tribunal, whereupon Sir Henry Strong said with some warmth that he would not be threatened by any person.

M. COQUELIN.

The Great French Comedian.

These are the features of the Prince of French Comedians, whose "Tartuffe," which he may be said to have made his own, convulses every audience which has the delight of seeing the master portray the arch hypocrite. Respecting "Vin Mariani," he says: "Strange to say that 'Vin Mariani,' so exquisite a wine, should also be a remedy, and a delicious one at that, so pleasant to the taste and so beneficial to the entire system." And Coquelin merely states a truth which is attested by the most famous men and women of the age, by the foremost medical men, and the managers of all the great hospitals. "Vin Mariani" is indeed beneficial to the system. The weakest can digest it; the most debilitated are benefited by it; the most hopeless are revivified by it; and as has been often said regarding it, "It gives new life and hope." "Vin Mariani" is the great tonic-stimulant of the age, used by the great brain-workers of the world, who find that, exhausted by overwork, it refreshes, strengthens, and builds up the whole system. An album of portraits of many celebrities who have spoken highly of "Vin Mariani" will be sent to those who send their address to Lawrence A. Wilson & Co., Montreal, the Canadian Agents.

WORSE THAN EVER.

Witnesses Prevented from Testifying Before the Armenian Commission.

Constantinople, March 18.—The Porte has consented to provide an escort and a special interpreter for the foreign representatives with the Armenian commission of enquiry and has sent instructions to this effect to the local officials.

The Daily Telegraph has a Mouch dispatch sub-dated from Kars yesterday. The dispatch says: "The difficulties placed in the way of witnesses coming to testify before the commission of enquiry are almost insuperable. Every road is patrolled by bands of gens d'armes, who put intending witnesses out of the way.

"Persons from villages in Sassoun district and survivors of the massacre are treated as criminals. The Armenians who feed and shelted them are imprisoned and beaten.

"The testimony of several witnesses pile horror on horror. For instance, a witness hiding in the oak scrub saw soldiers gouge out the eyes of two priests, who in horrible agony implored their tormentors to kill them, but the soldiers compelled them to dance whilst screaming with pain and presently bayonetted them. The number of witnesses is increasing. The stories are essentially identical. The mass of evidence is so overwhelming that the government may soon admit the massacre has been proved and relieve the commission of further enquiry. When the weather permits the members will go to Sassoun to inspect the four pits filled with mutilated bodies."

A PLEASANT SURPRISE

Mr. and Mrs. James Flett Presented with an Address.

Mr. and Mrs. James Flett were pleasantly reminded that last evening was the 25th anniversary of their wedding. The officers and teachers of the First Presbyterian church met at the Sunday school and marched in a body to the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Flett, where they presented them with the following address, accompanied by a handsome clock and a useful present from Mr. and Mrs. A. Wilson:

Mrs. J. D. Flett:

Madam:—We, the undersigned pastor, superintendent, officers and teachers of the First Presbyterian Church Sunday School, desire to express our sincere regret at your retirement from active participation in the work of our school, where you have laboured for the long period of seventeen years, with loving fidelity and much acceptance. Although it is common, and perhaps pardonable, in an address of this kind, to magnify service and exaggerate results, we feel that we shall not come under any suspicion of flattery when we record our heartfelt and cordial appreciation of the self-sacrificing devotion with which you have so long and lovingly laboured in our midst. The success of the school to-day, and the numbers who have passed from your class to become teachers in the school and members in the church, bear witness to your faithfulness and zeal, and cannot fail to be a source of pleasure to yourself, and gratitude to God who has enabled you to thus see the fruits of your labor. It is a consolation to us to know that though losing your services as a teacher, we may still have the benefit of your mature judgment, valued advice, and prayerful regard. It is our hope that you may long be spared to go out and among us, and that the light you have reflected in the past, may illumine our path through life, and at last we may all meet in the mansion of our Father, to dwell in his presence for ever.

The address was signed by the pastor, superintendent and all the officers and teachers of the Sunday school and was beautifully illuminated by Rowand Brittain, one of the teachers. After the reading of the address a very pleasant evening was spent.

THE LITTLE BOY WAS SAVED.

A Mother's Words.

A grateful and happy mother writes as follows:—

"Lactated Food saved our little boy. We had tried seven different kinds of prepared foods, besides the various ways of giving oatmeal, lime-water, and almost everything else. He was as thin as it was possible for a child to be, and we have since learned that the doctor expected that he would die. Another doctor recommended Lactated Food. We hesitated about making a change, as he was so low. We used Lactated Food, however, and it saved his life. He is now two years old, fat and perfectly well."

No other food known to physicians and mothers can do the life-saving work that Lactated Food does from day to day.

A TARIFF VAGARY.

Classification of B. C. Cedar by the U. S. Customs.

We noticed, yesterday, the return, from an extended visit east, of Mr. J. G. Scott, manager of the Pacific Coast Lumber Company, of this city, and made a brief reference to the important mission that constituted the principal business of his trip—namely, the making of a formal protest, before the Board of General Appraisers at New York, against the interpretation of the American tariff schedule classifying British Columbia cedar as cabinet wood, and thus denying it free admission to the States, contrary to the spirit and evident intent of the American (Wilson) Tariff Act, and the changes made in the Canadian tariff in reciprocation of the provisions of the American Act putting logs, timber hewn and sawed, rough and dressed lumber, shingles, laths, etc., on the free list.

The subject is of sufficient interest in itself, and by reason of its very considerable importance to the lumbering industry of the province, to warrant giving fuller particulars on the question and as to the steps taken by Mr. Scott, on behalf of the lumbering interests of the province, to get a final and authoritative decision, governing U. S. customs officers in future on the important point in dispute, from the Board of General Appraisers, New York.

The new United States tariff act (known as the Wilson bill), which became law on the 28th of August last, made material reductions in duties and considerable extensions of the free list, among which was the putting of logs, lumber, shingles, etc., as mentioned above, on the free list. One of the clauses, enumerating some of the articles of the lumber to be free, was the following:

676. Sawed boards, plank, deals, and other lumber, rough or dressed, except boards, plank, deals, and other lumber of cedar, lignum-vitae, lance-wood, ebony, box, granadilla, mahogany, rosewood, satinwood, and all other cabinet woods.

It was the word "cedar," which we have italicized above, in the connection in which it there appears—namely, among a list of exceptions to the free list—that caused the trouble. And, on the strength of that expectation, several shipments of British Columbia cedar lumber made last fall, by the Burrard Inlet Red Cedar Lumber Co., to Tacoma, Boston, and other American points were charged with the 25 per cent duty on cabinet woods, instead of being admitted free, as rough or dressed lumber, in accordance with the spirit and evident intent of the American act, and in accordance with the interpretation of the act by the Dominion authorities, who reciprocated by putting lumber, including "red cedar" (Thuja Gigantea)—the proper designation for the cedar of British Columbia and Washington—on the Canadian free list—thus, in good faith, meeting the condition of the American tariff which called for reciprocity on the articles mentioned before those articles would be admitted into the United States free.

The great weakness of the American customs contention—that British Columbia red cedar was intended to be included by the word "cedar" in the list of exceptions from the free list produced above—lay in the fact that the list is, on its face, a list of hard or cabinet woods, and that the red cedar of this coast is as far as possible from being a wood of that description. Then, there happens to be a cedar—known variously as Spanish, Honduras, or South American cedar—which is a hard or cabinet wood, and, consequently, just fills the bill of the cedar enumerated with the list of hard woods in clause 676 of the American tariff.

It was such facts as these that convinced Mr. Scott and the millmen generally, as well as the Westminister board of trade, which discussed the subject, that the American customs officers had made a wrong interpretation of the American tariff act in excluding British Columbia red cedar from the free list, and it was on the strength of these facts that Mr. Scott took the necessary steps, when he went east, in January last, to bring a test case before the Board of General Appraisers, New York, so as to get a final and authorative decision on the point.

To make a case on which to file a protest, Mr. Scott took east with him a small shipment—200 feet, valued at $3—of sawed cedar lumber, and also 40 feet of sawed spruce lumber (admitted free), for comparison, to show, in other words, that the red cedar was of the same general class of woods, instead of being a hard or cabinet wood. On his way to New York, Mr. Scott stopped over a day in Ottawa, and interviewed Minister Foster on the question, who was thoroughly in accord with the contention of the B. C. lumbermen in the matter. On arriving at New York and entering his sample lumber shipment, Mr. Scott was met with the rather unexpected, and somewhat amusing, difficulty that the collector of customs there so interpreted the act as to admit the cedar free! This, of course, was just what Mr. Scott didn't want. They had also passed the lumber through Rouses Point, the frontier customs station, but Mr. Scott returned there, and finally persuaded the customs official at Rouses Point, by citing an American departmental letter in support, to assess duty—75 cents in all—on the three dollars' worth of red cedar lumber.

A protest was then duly filed, through F. W. Myers & Co., of Rouses Point, who became the consignees, against the duty as imposed by the collector of customs at Rouses Point, and the case was brought before the Board of U. S. General Appraisers, at New York. Mr. Scott employed learned American counsel, and also obtained expert and scientific evidence, besides giving lengthy evidence himself, and laid a very strong, exhaustive, and conclusive case before the Appraisers, bearing principally upon the point that the red cedar of British Columbia could not be properly classified as a cabinet wood, and that, therefore, it could not be properly excluded from the free lumber list of the American tariff.

As mentioned yesterday, the decision of the Board of Appraisers has not yet been received, but a glance over the evidence and the arguments submitted by Mr. Scott leaves no ground for doubt as to what the decision must be.—Columbian.

A Total Eclipse.

Johnston's Fluid Beef

Eclipses all Meat Extracts or Home-made Beef Tea.

IT IS FIFTY TIMES AS NOURISHING AND MAKES

A Strengthening and Invigorating Beverage

Duke of Cambridge 15 years old Scotch Whisky is the delight of the connoisseurs.

EPHRAIM'S PATENT IRONCLAD BOOT, Patent No. 42,233,

Can be obtained from

The Ames Holden Company, Ltd.

DRY GOODS.

Argyle House

New Spring Goods

SPECIAL BARGAINS.

20 yds. White Calico for $1.
20 yds. Unbleached Calico for $1.
14 yds. Print for $1.
14 yds. Gingham for $1.
12 yds. All-Linen Toweling for $1
12 yds. All Linen Glass Cloth for $1.
15 yds Flannelette for $1.
Heavy Dress Serges, Double Width, 25c. a yard.
Fine French Dress Serges, Double Width, 25c. a yard.
Dress Lining, 8½c. a yard.
Ladies' Black Cotton Hose, 15c. a pair.
Chidren's Black Cotton Hose, 10c. a pair.
Children's Handkerchief's; 25c. a dozen.
White and Embroideries, 5 and 6 inches wide, 12½c. a yard.
White Stripe Muslins, 10c. a yard. Best value in the market
White Quilts, 90c. each.
Lace Curtains, 50c. a pair
Samples of Carpets, 50 per cent. below wholesale prices.
Just received 2 Cases of Corsets to sell at 50c. a pair, worth 60c.

J. Horner & Co.

83 Douglas Street

Hood's Cured After Others Failed

Scrofula in the Neck—Bunches All Gone Now.

Sangerville, Maine.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Gentlemen:—I feel that I cannot say enough in favor of Hood's Sarsaparilla. For five years I have been troubled with scrofula in my neck and throat. Several kinds of medicines which I tried did not do me any good, and when I commenced to take Hood's Sarsaparilla there were large bunches on my neck so sore that I could not bear the slightest touch. When I had taken one bottle of this medicine, the soreness had gone, and before I had finished the second the bunches had entirely disappeared." BLANCHE ATWOOD, Sangerville, Maine.

N. B. If you decide to take Hood's Sarsaparilla do not be induced to buy any other.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Pills cure constipation by restoring the peristaltic action of the alimentary canal.

GROCERIES.

Baking Powder

SCHILLING'S BEST BAKING POWDER

Is the Best and Strongest made. For sale by

R. H. JAMESON,

Red Front Store, 38 Fort St.

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

For FAMILY Use

IS THE BEST.

Ask Your Grocer for it. Have no other

Manufactured by

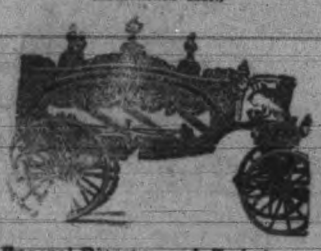
RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS,

ALBANY, OREGON.

UNDERTAKERS.

CHAS. HAYWARD

(Established 1867.)



Funeral Director and Embalmer

Government Street, Victoria.

ANDREW SHERET,

Plumber and Gas Fitter,

Late of Oriental Alley, has removed to 16 FORT ST. Estimates given on sewerage connections. mar. 8-1m.

For Sale or Rent.

"WINTERBOURNE RISE," the residence of the late Sir M. B. Begbie. For further particulars apply to

tf LOWENBERG, HARRIS & CO.

For The... Spring Trade....

...Weiler Bros.

ARE SHOWING

A Large Line of Lace Curtains, Art Muslins, Pretty Cretonnes, Sateens and Other Drapery Goods.

...ALL NEW GOODS...

..You will find this by far the largest stock to select from in the city. A great variety and prices to suit everyone.....

...51 to 55 Fort Street...

Do You Keep Hens?

STURTEVANT'S IMPERIAL EGG FOOD

Will Make Your Hens Lay.

STURTEVANT'S ROUP PILLS.

F. C. Sturtevant, Hartford, Conn.

THE CITY'S LICENSE SYSTEM

Ald. Macmillan Leads an Attack on the Injustice and Inequalities of It.

Coughlan & Mayo Appeal—Curfew Movement—Flume Motion Withdrawn.

The aldermen were all at the regular meeting of the council last evening and a considerable amount of business was gone into an disposed of.

Communications from the provincial secretary in regard to the refusal of the city to admit John Hayden to the Old Men's Home, and from the deputy attorney-general in regard to an exchange of patients in the same institution were referred to the Old Men's Home committee.

Drake, Jackson & Helmcken presented the following letter:

"We are instructed by the owners of lots 121 and 415 Victoria City to request a refund from the corporation of a sum of $732.50 expended by them in making sewerage construction from these lots to the manhole on Government street together with interest at the rate of 8 per cent. per annum from 26th August, 1892, less the cost of ordinary connections. The city officers will doubtless remember that at the time the city was not in a position owing to a lack of funds to construct the sewer to the Driard house from Government street and that the drainage of these lots and the Driard house were in the same position and that as we are instructed the Driard house has since been refunded its share of the construction, we have the city engineer's certificate with the city contractor's receipted account attached."

Ald. Humphrey said the claim was from the owners of the Five Sisters block but he did not consider that the city owed them a cent.

The letter was referred to the sewerage committee.

Georgina Kent wrote complaining of the stench from the surface drains on Cook street near View street. The letter was referred to the city engineer and sanitary officer.

F. J. Dally, agent of the Auer light, who placed one of the burners in the city council chambers, wrote applying for patronage and submitted a proposal as to rental. The letter and accompanying statements were referred to the electric light committee.

Thomas C. Sorby, agent for W. J. McDonald wrote calling attention to a mistake in laying a branch sewer to lot 453 on Flaguard street and asking that it be rectified. The letter was referred to the sewerage committee and city engineer.

City Engineer Wilmot reported as follows:

"Gentlemen:—I have the honor to submit the following estimate of the approximate cost of connecting the Jubilee and infectious diseases hospital.

"1. With the main outlet sewer on Moss street, near the junction with Snowden street via Richmond avenue, St. Charles street, Fairfield road and Lovers' Lane to the south side of Snowden street; thence parallel with Snowden street to the main outlet sewer on Moss street. Estimated cost, $42,000.

2. Approximate cost of draining the above named hospitals to the sea in the vicinity of Oak Bay, $11,500. Estimate of draining hospitals to the sea in the vicinity of Oak Bay is based on the assumption that the route goes through private lands as there would be much more rock to encounter and deeper excavation to make by keeping on the public road."

Ald. Macmillan said that another way would be to bring the sewer across the Finlayson estate, and as to the Oak Bay plan while it would go through an inhabited part of the city there might be objection to emptying a sewer into Oak Bay.

The letter was referred back to the city engineer to make additional services.

The city engineer reported as follows on matters submitted to him:

"I have the honor to submit the following report on the subjects mentioned which were referred to me. Re communication from O. Ohlson and other asking for improvements on Lansdowne road, including a culvert across said road and a retaining wall along the side of the road with a sidewalk on top. As there is a watercourse on the west side of Lansdowne road for a distance of about 1800 feet which crosses the road opposite Ruby street and along which water course during certain seasons of the year there is a large flow of water. The cost of permanent improvement would be in the neighborhood of three thousand dollars. But as the ditch in the vicinity of the point where it crosses the road is quite deep with perpendicular sides, it is in the present state dangerous to the travelling public. An improvement of a temporary nature might be made which would obviate the danger referred to for some time by putting in cedar posts and planking along the sides of the ditch, and laying a sidewalk on top at a cost of about $500. Re communication from D. R. Harris and others asking to have Pine street graded. Estimated cost, $450. Re communication from E. E. Wegecott and others to have Pembroke street opened up and extended easterly to the Richmond road. Estimated cost of grading from where present grading ends to the eastern terminus of the street is $1050."

Ald. Macmillan said that Pembroke street and Richmond road did not connect, there being a couple of lots across the end of the former. He moved that the report be referred back to the city engineer to be rectified. It was so decided.

City Engineer Wilmot wrote enclosing a letter from Captain Gaudin asking for further time to move his fence back on his property on Craigflower road.

Ald. Cameron and Ald. Humphrey objected to the extension and the latter moved that if it be granted the work be done at Captain Gaudin's expense. Ald. Macmillan seconded the motion and it was carried.

D. Cartmel, expert on electrical matters, wrote re the second installment of 25 per cent. on the machinery furnished by the Canadian General Electrical company. He recommended that as the machinery was not yet unpacked that action be deferred for a week. Received and filed.

A. J. Dallain, secretary of the J. B. A. A., wrote suggesting that a general committee for the Queen's Birthday celebration be called and that as usual the J. B. A. A. be given charge of the sports in their line.

Ald. Humphrey—I move to refer to the mayor.

The mayor—I will only say that we are going to spend all the money on the poor this year and we'll have no such tomfoolery as this.

The motion was carried, however.

The following letter from W. A. Bull was read: "Please notice that I have given instructions to the printer for the printing of the ballot paper for the three wards as requested, which will be ready for delivery to the returning officers at the police court at half-past seven o'clock on Tuesday morning. I will attend to the duties of north ward, but as this election means each officer to paddle his own canoe, I decline to assume the responsibility of giving instructions to other officers, more especially as they are new men and not familiar with the duties." The letter was received and filed.

The following report from the street committee was received and adopted without discussion:

"Your streets committee have considered the undermentioned subjects and beg leave to report and recommend as follows:

"Re communication from John N. Muir, to be allowed to lower a portion of Dallas Road in front of his lot No. 24, Block F, of the Phoenix division of the Douglas estate. That the matter be looked into before granting permission. Re communication from William Armstrong, asking for a sidewalk on Stanley avenue from Pandora street to his house. That the city engineer examine and report. We recommend that a drain be laid on Herald street and about 80 feet of six-inch pipe be laid; also that a four-foot sidewalk be laid on Milne street from Stanley avenue easterly; also that 370 feet of four-foot sidewalk be laid on Catherine street from Esquimalt road southerly. We recommend that the offer of the telephone company to remove their poles on Cadboro Bay road where the same has been widened in front of property owned by Hon. J. H. Turner and B. W. Pearse, for the sum of $144, be accepted."

The fire wardens reported recommending the purchase of the horse on trial in the fire department for $175, the tender being the lowest. Received and adopted.

The resolution of Ald. Partridge substituting P. D. Johnston as returning officer at Centre ward for G. H. Brown originally named, was put and carried.

Ald. Williams' motion for a special committee to regulate minors and their actions generally was then taken up. Ald McLellan and Ald. Macmillan heartily supported the motion, and it was carried. The two aldermen named with the mover were named on the committee.

The resolution of Ald. Bragg for an investigation into the affairs of the electric light department was then read.

Ald. Hall wanted to know what the cost would be.

The mayor did not believe there would be any cost.

Ald. Cameron said that he believed they would have to have a secretary.

Ald. Bragg said that in bulletining the motion he believed he was simply carrying out the wishes of the majority of the council. He believed there should be a full investigation of the whole matter. The only expense would be the matter of a secretary. There had been many statements made in the council, and on the public platforms and they owed it to the citizens to go into the matter.

Ald. Partridge said that he wanted the investigation months ago, and by this time he feared the footprints had disappeared from the snow. He wanted a legal representative present to question the witnesses.

Ald. Humphrey suggested the police magistrate as legal authority.

Ald. Macmillan said that he was glad that the investigation was being held as an injustice done anyone could be righted and responsibility fixed where it belonged at the same time. He wanted it sifted to the matter and the fullest justice done.

The motion was put and carried.

Ald. Williams' resolution for a reward of $50 for the arrest and conviction of and person or persons found defacing fences or damaging houses, especially vacant houses, was readily passed, everybody agreeing to it. It was suggesting that park benches, public property generally, and plumbing work about houses should be included.

Ald. Williams temporarily withdrew his motion to expend $6000 to construct a submerged flume from Elk Lake to the foot of Beaver Lake. He did so, he said, at the request of some of the aldermen and besides he desired to await the arrival of the plans, some of which he was told had the flume feature embodied in them.

Ald. Wilson wanted to know why the police had not been awake to the practice of selling cigarettes to minors which was general, before a school principal took it up. It was a common thing to see little boys down to six years of age smoking on the street. Then there were the Chinese lotteries running in full force and many of their patrons were youths of tender years. It was a crime to permit them to be led away from the paths of right. He was for letting the Chinese gamble all they pleased but he believed they should be raided if white boys and women were drawn to them as patrons. There were saloons too where minors were given liquor. He said he was speaking to the mayor as police commissioner and hoped he would not have to refer to it again.

The mayor—Why is it if this is all so common that we cannot get citizens to come forward and testify?

Ald. Wilson—Do you want to go with me to-night and see?

The mayor said he had no desire to do so.

Ald. Partridge brought up the matter of the appeal in the suit of Coughlan & Mayo against the city and asked who had ordered the appeal and if it was a fact that it had that day cost the city $125 because the lawyers were not ready to go ahead.

Ald. Macmillan said he objected to the appeal having been taken without the authority of the council.

The mayor said that when they had a full explanation they would be satisfied. The barrister had stated that it would not have been wise to have had an open meeting on the subject.

Ald. Macmillan insisted that the barristers had not acted with the authority of their client, and said he was opposed to a new suit being brought.

The mayor said there was no new suit begun but that the city had been sued and he would see to it as long as he filled the post of mayor that the city did not suffer.

Ald. Humphrey stated that the appeal had to be made hastily but that the council could stop it at any time. He personally favored the appeal.

Ald. Macmillan said that was not the point, it was the matter of the rights of the council.

The revenue amendment by-law was then taken up and Ald. Humphrey objected to going into committee on it. It made some changes which would affect the revenue and he did not see that they could do anything like that.

Ald. Macmillan pointed out the injustice of the present mode of collecting taxes, under which the big merchant prince pays the same as the poor woman who keeps a little store. The injustice was to be seen in the dry goods trade, the hardware trade, and but one lawyer in the city paid the tax required of him. A man could tender on big sewer jobs, or machinery contracts but the council required the poor carpenter who bid upon a little sidewalk work had to pay $5 which he perhaps needed to feed his family. There was injustice through it all, and they should endeavor to place it upon the foundation of right. They should take these burdens off trade.

Ald. McLellan said that the burden was equalized by the tax on stocks. There was no doubt, injustice done somewhere but it was pretty well equalized.

Ald. Macmillan said the tax on stock was collected by the provincial government and not the city. Was it fair to make Mrs. Vigor pay the same license as David Spencer or was it just to require Jacob Sehl to pay $100 a year and compete with Ontario manufacturers who paid no licenses?

Ald. McLellan said that he knew the tax on stocks was collected by the province but held the matter to be equalized just the same.

Ald. Cameron said the present license system was unjust, inconsistent, and out of proportion. They had to have revenue, but the business people of the city were made to suffer. Assuming that the system were fair there was the greatest injustice in its administration. It should be at least equalized. Everywhere there were evasions of the law as it existed. The lawyers who should pay readily evaded it.

Ald. Bragg and Ald. Humphrey subscribed to what the two aldermen said but regarded it a bad time to take the matter up. The latter suggested that it be equalized.

The mayor regarded the latter as a good suggestion.

Ald. Macmillan said that he neglected to include the lumber mills, and urged that all the aldermen go into the matter.

Ald. Humphrey said he had intended to move to have the tax on carpenters, who bid on street work, stopped, and promised Ald. Macmillan to try and have the taxes already collected refunded.

Ald. Williams said that he was surprised to hear that the lawyers evaded the payment of the tax. They charged enough, and he believed they should be shamed into paying it.

Ald. Macmillan said they were not in such a hurry to try this as to appeal the sewerage case. Their claim was that they paid to the Law Society, and all he could say was that the bricklayers might organize a good strong society, pay dues to it and defy the city to collect any additional taxes.

Ald. Bragg raised the point that the discussion was all irregular and without a vote it was decided to lay the by-law over for future consideration.

Ald. Macmillan's motion for the appointment of a city solicitor at a salary of $125 a month was also laid over for future consideration.

W. J. Ledingham presented a lengthy letter claiming the apportionment of funds to Victoria West for fire and police protection was unfair, and Ald. Macmillan asserted that the premises upon which he based his calculations were false. The letter was received and filed.

Ald. McLellan, speaking on the matter of street paving, said that as lower government street would be taken up with construction work on the postoffice and that possibly the grade of the James Bay bridge would be raised, that it would be advisable to pave only to Broughton street for the present. The suggestion was agreed to.

Ald. Williams moved that the tax collected from the carpenters who bid on the work of laying the sidewalks be refunded, but the mayor moved that the motion would have to be bulletined.

WESTERN ADEPTS.

The Paper Read on Sunday Evening at the Theosophical Society.

At last Sunday evening's public meeting of the Theosophical Society, Broad street, a very interesting paper was read on the subject of "Western Adepts." The paper reviewed the life and history of H. P. Blavatsky as amongst the highest of spiritually gifted persons of recent times, a woman whose works are only to-day beginning to receive the attention of the scientific world. The writer further said that on the records appear the names of other Spiritually gifted persons, among whom may be mentioned, Jam Blichus, Plotinus and Proclus, in the earlier days and Pasqualis, Roger Bacon, Savonorola, St. Martin, Paracelsus, Ignatius, Sozala, the Count of St. Germain, Swendenborg, Eliphas Levi and Father John of Cronstadt. A short sketch of the lives of some of these were given and the teaching from some parts of the scripture were quoted in support of their Spiritual development, yet it was declared the principal. The supreme ethical teaching of their works, and the underlying motives of their lives, needed no scriptural verification. Their unmortal fame and grandeur lay in the fact of their universal recognition of humanity as a whole, and the awakening of the divine spark that is within us all. Concluding an account was given of the present Father John of Cronstadt, and articles from the London Graphic and Lucifer of 1892 were read describing his labors and institutions.

BRISTOL'S PILLS

Cure Biliousness, Sick Headache, Dyspepsia, Sluggish Liver and all Stomach Troubles.

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Are Purely Vegetable, elegantly Sugar-Coated, and do not gripe or sicken.

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Act gently but promptly and thoroughly. "The safest family medicine." All Druggists keep

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Mortgagee's Sale
—OF—
CITY PROPERTY.

Under and by virtue of power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed dated the 9th day of March, 1893.

City Lot, No. 105, S.W. Corner Yates and Blanchard Sts.

—ALSO—

City Lot, No 29, N.E. Corner Topaz Ave. and Fourth St,

Containing about two acres, less strip given for road.

—ALSO—

City Lot No. 190, Sub 5, 15.6x50 8, Waddington Alley;

City Lot No. 190, Sub 6, 5.6x50.6.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned for the whole or separate pieces, up to the 31st of March, 1895. Two-thirds of purchase money can remain on mortgage at 7 per cent. Highest tender not necessarily accepted. For particulars apply to

YATES & JAY,
Bastion st., Attorneys for Mortgagee.

Warning to the Public.

We earnestly request the public to see that in the end of each Peg Top Cigar a peg is inserted bearing the words "Peg Top" printed thereon, in case unscrupulous dealers, manufacturers or others endeavor to imitate our celebrated brand. We make this notice to protect our patrons as well as ourselves.

S. LEISER & CO.,
Sole Agents for British Columbia.

The Latest Society Fad is

"Marquis," 10c. pkg.,
... And ...
"Imperial," 5c. pkg., Cigarettes.

TENDERS WANTED.

TENDERS

To be addressed to the undersigned will be received up to noon of the 20th day of March, 1895, for the purchase of 25 shares in the steam schooner "Mischief," of the Port of Victoria.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Dated the 8th day of March, 1895.

YATES & JAY,
22 Bastion Street, Victoria, Solicitors for the Mortgagee. mar8-td

Estate of Russell, McDonald & Co.

TENDERS FOR STOCK.

Separate tenders will be received by the undersigned until the 20th inst., at noon, for the Stock and Fixtures in the stores lately occupied by Russell, McDonald & Co., at Vancouver and Victoria. Tenders must state the amount in the dollar they are willing to give, and tenders must be accompanied by a certified cheque for 10 per cent. on the amount of their bid payable to the undersigned. Full particulars may be had on the premises at each place, or from the assignee to whom all tenders are to be addressed.

Terms cash. The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

THOS. T. HULL,
Assignee, Duck Building, 58 Broad street, Victoria, B.C.

Dissolution of Partnership.

The partnership heretofore existing between John Cochrane and Henry A. Munn, doing business as druggists under the firm name of Cochrane & Munn, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. The business will be carried on by John Cochrane, who will assume the liabilities and collect the debts of the late firm.

JOHN COCHRANE.
H. A. MUNN.

Witness, J. Holland.

In retiring from the above partnership I would bespeak for Mr. Cochrane a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed upon the late firm.

H. A. MUNN.

PENNYROYAL WAFERS

A specific monthly medicine for ladies to restore, and regulate the menses, producing free, healthy and painless discharges. No aches or pains on account. Now used by over 10,000 ladies. Discard all others. Invigorates blood organs. Buy of your druggist only those with our signature across face of label. Avoid substitutes. Sent by express, prepaid, on receipt of price, $1.00. Address, EUREKA CHEMICAL COMPANY, Detroit, Mich.

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Orders for changes in the reading of advertisements must be handed in to the Times office before 10 a.m. to insure insertion the same day. New advertisements, displayed, will be received up to 2 p.m. and small ads. until 4 p.m. Merchants and other patrons will aid us a great deal by observing these rules, as the work of re-setting requires time and care, and cannot be done satisfactorily when the paper is being prepared for press.

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JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT,
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue.

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S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V.S., Buffalo, N.Y.) Office at Bray's Livery, 100 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417, Victoria, B.C.

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER—Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets. Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 59 Vancouver St.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the use of members of the Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS.
Court Vancouver No. 5935, A. O. F., meets 1st and 3rd Monday in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited.
SIDNEY WILSON, sec.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE,
No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, Fort Douglas and Fingard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
LOFTUS BROWN, secretary.

ST. ANDREW'S AND CALEDONIAN
society meets in their own Hall, Blanchard street, on the first Friday of every month. All scotchmen are invited to join.
E. C. SMITH, Sec.

MISCELLANEOUS.

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PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS,
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 179.

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Nickle Alarm Clocks, 90c.

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The New Watchmaker and Jeweller,
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Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c.
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Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months.
Practical experience of over 25 years.

Accurately adjusted.
F. W. NOLTE & CO.,
The Only Opticians, 37 Fort Street.
VICTORIA, B. C.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Blocks of five acres each at Saanich, at $65 per acre. 80 acres and improvements at McPherson's Station for $500. 200 acres at Alberni at $8 per acre. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street.

FOR SALE—A good, quiet, general-purpose horse. Apply at No. 127 Douglas street. mar. 7-tf

FOR SALE—A double barrel breach-loading shot gun (Greener), both barrels full choke. For further particulars apply by letter to W. W., Times office.

FOR SALE—Extra fine canary birds at reasonable prices from P. Lange, 86 Douglas street. f11-2m

WANTS.

WANTED—A general servant, must be accustomed to children. 144 Menzies St. 2f

SITUATION WANTED by a young man, competent book-keeper; good city references. Address J. U., Times office. m14-tf

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WANTED—An intelligent, active man or lady to travel for reliable house, with expenses paid. Salary $900. Advancement for faithful and successful work. References. Enclose self addressed stamped envelope. Secretary, Lock Drawer P., Chicago.

WANTED—Pushing canvasser of good address. Liberal salary and expenses paid weekly; permanent position. Brown Bros. Co., Nurserymen, Portland, Oregon. feb2-m s wklym

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ASK YOUR GROCER for 2-lb glass jar of Pure Raspberry Jam put up by Okell & Morris. Only 35c.

CHEAPEST AND BEST JAM in the city is Okell & Morris' 2-lb glass jar for 35c.

OKELL & MORRIS' Jam once tested will be always eaten.

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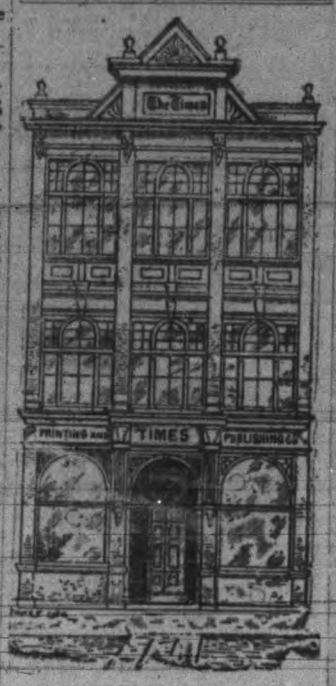
TO RENT—A Ranch on the River Sooke, with good house and stable. Address "Ranch," Times office. m18-3t



THE DAILY TIMES

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The Daily Times.

WHY A CHANGE?

On Friday, Jan. 27, 1893, the Colonist said:—"Our readers, when they persue our Ottawa correspondent's letter, will be surprised to learn how much more the officials of the department of marine and fisheries know about Victoria and its institutions than do its oldest and most intelligent inhabitants. The officials are right, of course. Who ever knew of one of them to be either ignorant or mistaken? Were they not credited for the express purpose of laying down the law to outsiders and enlightening them about their own affairs, and do they not fulfill the end of their being?" The Ottawa correspondent's letter here referred to quotes Minister Tupper as saying:—

"So far as the expenditure of public money is concerned, I know no part of Canada which has received more attention in this respect in proportion to its population than British Columbia. Personally I am not induced by hard criticism to favor expenditure; neither will I be the more disinclined to do my duty to that important portion of the country on that account; but it is regrettable, according to my own experience, that the greater the effort I make to keep pace with the growth and importance of the commerce of Victoria, and the larger the appropriations for that purpose, the more angry becomes the criticism of the government's policy and of this department in particular."

Why a change, indeed? This exhibition of Tupperian blandness ought to convince any person that Victoria is bound to support the government.

ANOTHER REASON WHY.

The Independence of Parliament Act, section 10, to which members must subscribe under oath, reads:

"No person, directly or indirectly, alone or with any other, by himself or by the interposition of any trustee or third party, holding or enjoying, undertaking or executing any contract or agreement, expressed or implied, with or for the government of Canada on behalf of the Crown, or with or for any of the officers of the government of Canada, for which any public money of Canada is to be paid, shall be eligible as a member of the House of Commons, or shall sit or vote in the said house."

Mr. Turcotte, the member for Montmorenci, Quebec, subscribed to the above. He is an active ally of Sir Adolphe Caron (the man who tried to "do" the post office clerks out of their wages) and at the time of his election was engaged in the grocery business with a Mr. Provost. The firm at that time held a contract with the government in the name of Provost for the supply of the militia at the citadel of Quebec with groceries and provisions, and up to the dissolution of the firm on the 2nd of February, 1893, they received from the government cheques amounting to $4,112.85. This sum was all paid over to Mr. Turcotte, M. P., for his private benefit. After the dissolution of the firm Mr. Turcotte continued in the grocery business and supplied the militia department with goods. For these he received all the payment for his own benefit, although the cheques, as before, continued to be issued in Provost's name and were endorsed by him to Mr. Turcotte, M. P. This was a gross violation of the act; yet when Mr. Edgar, M. P., moved a resolution on July 13th, 1894, declaring that Turcotte had forfeited his seat the government majority voted down the motion. The Montreal Star (Independent Conservative), said: "If the Conservative party can only live by such means it is time for decent men to wash their hands of the government." Four Conservative members refused to swallow the dose; but Messrs. PRIOR and EARLE voted with the "gang."

BRITISH FREE TRADE.

The Canadian protectionist is a not in apt imitator of those who on the other side of the line advocate the interests of the American mill owners. Thus we find Conservatives professing now to have found an ideal policy in "reciprocity," and to regard with abhorrence what they are pleased to term "British free trade," a phrase conveniently borrowed from the followers of that renowned Napoleonic leader, Major MacKinley. On this side of the line, to be sure, the phrase loses half its significence. Here it merely means what its adapters are pleased to term a jug-handled trade policy; there the very word "British," and the amount of scorn the average MacKinleyite manages to inject into the pronunciation of it makes it do the service to the "trooly loil" protectionist, which the Conservative places on the worn shoulders of that much abused appellation, "Grit."

It has not only been in the columns of the Colonist that this same "British free trade" has ben loaded down with the burden of divers offenses, neither can our contemporary claim to originate the argument that it is responsible for the decline of agriculture in Great Britain. The changes on that theme have indeed been rung with great persistency and effect in congress, in the press, and on the stump during more than one recent election campaign in the land of the free.

Nothing, however, could very well be more disingenious than to attempt to saddle on British free trade any reverses which may have overtaken British agriculture. Indeed, agricultural depression in England is so plainly traceable to other causes that it is surprising that even a protectionist advocate could overlook or disregard them. For since England has adopted free trade the natural grain fields of the world have been brought under cultivation. In the United States, in Canada, in Australia, in the Argentine Republic, in Africa and in India areas of imperial extent and of unsurpassed fertility have been made to yield the very products at a minimum of cost which the British farmer cultivated. The methods of the cultivation of the soil have been completely revolutionized, and by the aid of labor-saving machinery one person can now do the work which within the memory of men now living it took ten men to do. The improvement in shipbuilding has made the ocean a mere ferry and the cost of land carriages has been reduced to an extent which to the most enlightened of statesmen in Cobden's time would have seemed incredible. It would indeed be nothing short of a marvel if the English farmer who had to pay a great price or a high rent for his holding could compete with those who in Manitoba, in Minnesota and the Dakotas cultivated the rich lands with which a paternal government endowed them. That he has been able to do so with even partial success is due largely to the fact that a wise trade policy has enabled him to buy every necessity in the cheapest markets without placing a grievous tax on his industry to enrich those engaged in manufacturing in the empire. The argument of the Protectionist has until recently been that while free trade was undoubtedly the best possible of policies for Great Britain, different conditions on this side of the Atlantic demanded the adoption of a different course. There is indeed some reason in the contention. But to lay the blame of agriculture depression in England on its trade policy is neither sensible nor honest.

WHERE THEY HAVE FAILED.

As for ministers, give them credit freely for such ability as they possess, but don't take them at their own valuation, or that put upon them by a subsized press, and don't make the mistake of supposing that capacity for tall talk of necessity involves capacity for clear thinking. For gerrymandering a province, for debauching a constituency, or for squeezing contributions out of protected monopolies, I will grant you these gentlemen are unrivalled. But they go no further. Failure is writ large on every enterprise they have attempted, every promise they have ever made.

They have not settled the Northwest.

They have not stopped the exodus.

They have not got reciprocity.

They have not lowered your taxes.

They have not kept up prices.

They have not, in a word, redeemed one single, solitary pledge, or filled one single expectation they have raised, and they come before you now having taken all possible pains to avoid giving you any definite information on the floor of parliament as to how they propose to provide for the huge deficit they have created, or to say what their policy will be as to divers important questions now awaiting settlement."—Sir Richard Cartwright at Sarnia.

We have discovered a good running mate for Mr. Tracey. A gentleman who signs himself "A Rancher" writes to the Vernon News a letter on protection and free trade, in which the following passage occurs:—

"You will be told of free trade England being so rich and influential. But Great Britain is not free trade altogether, as she guards her manufactures very securely, allowing no manufactured goods to enter her ports, but they allow and encourage the importation of raw material in order to encourage the manufacturer. The only part of her free trade policy is the free importation of wheat and beef, which is causing considerable distress among her laboring class and threatening to cause considerable complications, and has been the means of stopping numberless farms in England from being worked or even let to tenants at any rent whatever."

Tracey! Tracey! Look to your laurels!

Whatever cause for comfort the Colonist may find in its exulting declaration that the vicious combination between the government and the C.P.R. is in no danger of being disturbed, it is quite certain that the feeling will not be shared by the electors of this city; therefore it is difficult to see what the "organ" and the "party" expect to gain by crowing so confidently over Sir Donald Smith's decision to accept the Conservative nomination for the St. Antoine district of Montreal. Such an announcement can only result in pointing out more strongly than ever the vital necessity of a change, and increasing the determination of the people of this city to assist in obtaining it.

On Thursday the Times said: "It appears that a vigorous effort is being made to prejudice the farmers of the upper country against Mr. Bostock and Liberalism by shouting that under Liberal rule they will be subject to ruinous competition from outside agricultural regions." In the News-Advertiser this sentence is twisted to appear as follows: "But having reached this conclusion, our erratic contemporary destroys the pretty romance it has built up, by the statement that there is a very strong opposition to the Liberal candidate among the agriculturists, because they believe that Liberal success would mean for them ruinous competition from the farmers of other countries." The Vancouver Tory organ professes to be honest above all its journalistic brethern, but we fear it is in reality as crooked as the Colonist.

The following telegram is being industriously circulated by the government organs:

"Montreal, March 10.—With reference to Sir Donald Smith's candidature it may be said that Sir Donald was personally averse to continue in parliament, but after a conference with Sir McKenzie Bowell and others, he has decided to accede to the general demand."

If the proceedings of the "conference" were published in detail it would no doubt make interesting reading.

IMPROVING THEIR SERVICE.

C. P. R. Putting More Steamers on the Lake Routes.

Detroit, Mar. 18.—It is reported here that the Northern steamship company and its ally the Great Northern railroad are not to have the Detroit and Michigan field to themselves this year, as the Canadian Pacific is to be a competitor. It is stated that plans are practically completed by which the fine Canadian Pacific steamer "Manitoba," which was built for the Lake Superior traffic before the line was completed north of that lake, will be a Detroit visitor this summer, and it is beleived that the Canadian Pacific wil put a fleet of boats on the Mackinaw route eventually.

AUCTION SALES

By H. CUTHBERT & CO'Y
The Well-Known Broad Street
AUCTIONEERS, VALUERS AND ASSESSORS.
Cash advanced. Furniture bought for Cash when an auction is not desired.
Offices, Salerooms and Cattle Yard Broad Street, View Street and Trounce Ave.

IN THE DISTRICT OF ALBERNI

Liberals Organize and Elect Delegates to the Nanaimo Convention.

Work Among the Quartz and Placer Mines—Ranchers Busy Sowing.

Alberni, March 18.—Considerable excitement is being caused here by the recent rich finds of gold quartz, some of the specimens that have been brought in being wonderfully good. The weather for the past month has been everything that could be desired and the miners and prospectors have been taking every advantage of it, several claims having been recently recorded. Sam Darr's claim, the Alberni, is turning out very satisfactory. He is at present sinking a shaft alongside the vein. W. H. Campbell has one of the finest prospects in the district, the average assay being over $500 per ton in gold. The road to China creek is being pushed through as rapidly as possible and it is expected that it will be ready to haul lumber over in about ten days. M. M. Sarault's mill has a large order of timber for the China creek placer mines all ready for delivery as soon as the road is ready. It is reported that the Golden Eagle is to be started again and considerable money spent in developing it. Mr. Jones returned from his claim the other day and is very well pleased at the way it is showing up. Mr. Taylor of Victoria, and Mr. Wilkes, were in on a flying trip last week. Gleason and Campbell intend going ahead with their placer mine this spring on Mineral creek.

The ranchers are very busy now getting their seed in, considerable wheat and oats being in already.

The road meeting was held on the 10th and the foremen for the previous year were elected again, their work having been very satisfactory to the settlers. At the same meeting a committee was appointed to act in conjunction with the government agent to attend to matters appertaining to the construction of the new public wharf.

The Liberals held a meeting here and it was unanimously agreed to send out two delegates to the Nanaimo Liberal convention. It was very gratifying to those present to find so many Liberals in the settlement and it was determined to start a Liberal association.

It is expected that the paper mill will start up again very shortly.

Mr. Alexander Watson is starting up a blacksmith shop which will be a great convenience to the settlers and miners.

NANAIMO NEWS.

Definitely Announced That Haslam Will Seek Re-Election.

Nanaimo, March 19.—It is now definitely announced that A. Haslam, M. P., will seek re-election. Mr. Haslam, it will be remembered, was elected by acclamation owing to the belief of the Liberals that a general election was not far distant. Mr. Haslam will find that the honor will not be again conferred so easily, if at all.

Mrs. C. N. Young died at Departure Bay on Sunday evening of apoplexy after a short illness. Deceased was well known in this city and district, having been a resident for 25 years. The funeral takes place to-morrow.

Word was received in the city last evening that the Planta trial had been postponed until the midsummer assize.

DULUTH'S PARKHURSTS.

Ministers Combine to Put Down Gambling in That City.

Duluth, Minn., March 19.—The Parkhurst-Lexow crusade has begun in earnest in Duluth. The ministers are now circulating a subscription paper to raise funds to pay private detectives and has even gone so far as to ask Mayor Lewis to subscribe. Among the detectives are several Y. M. C. A. men and policemen recently discharged for drunkenness. It is claimed they have found many gambling houses running in full blast and have secured the names of several prominent business men who are patrons.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

USE
MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT for Man and Beast!
It quickly cures
Cuts, Burns, Corns, Bruises, Chilblains, Sunburn, Cracks between the Toes, Scalds, Piles, Swellings, Ulcers, Stiff Joints, Old Sores, Inflammation of all kinds, Lame Back, Pimples, Rheumatism, Pustules, Caked Breasts, Erysipelas, Diseased Tendons, Contracted Muscles, And all Lameness and Soreness.
Langley & Co. Wholesale Agents for B. C.

BRIEF LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—Inexpensive room mouldings. Mellor.

—Just received—Men's and boy's working shoes, 95 cents. Marks', 8 Store street.

—Regular weekly meeting of the Royal Templars in Sir William Wallace Hall to-night.

—Another large consignment of wall papers for the spring trade, just received by Weiler Bros.

—There was a good attendance at the Songs of Home Social at the Emmanuel Baptist church last night.

—Orders received for books, papers, and magazines at nett prices. Johnston, Kirk block, Douglas street.

—Strong working pants, an endless variety to select from; made to order, $1.25, Marks, 8 Store street.

—Wednesday night will be held a reception by the members of Calvary Baptist church in the Y.M.C.A. rooms.

—Mr. H. Siebenbaum has taken charge of the Palace Saloon. He will be glad to see all his old friends as well as new ones.

—The Canadian-Australian line steamer Warrimoo sailed from Sydney yesterday for Victoria and Vancouver via Suva and Honolulu.

—The "seamless tapestry carpet squares" are selling well; they are made in three sizes, and are suitable for any room. Weiler Bros.

—The lecture by Rev. G. C. King on the Cities of the United States will be given in the Reformed Episcopal church schoolroom on Wednesday night.

—Thursday afternoon at 3 will be held a parlor social under the auspices of the W. C. T. U. at the residence of Mrs. Clarence Cox, 100 Chatham street.

—Two Spring Ridge boys, charged with discharging firearms within the city limits, were tried this morning privately before Magistrate Macrae this morning and were let go.

—The Walla Walla arrived last night from San Francisco. She had two hundred passengers aboard. There was a large number for Victoria and also 80 tons of freight for here.

—The annual services of Emmanuel Baptist church will be held next Sunday. In the afternoon will be a mass meeting of the Sunday school and Monday evening the annual tea meeting.

—Keep out of trouble by using W. J. Pendray's tree spray and whale oil soap. A timely application of the spray will free your fruit trees from all the pests that are ruining them. 25 Humboldt street, Victoria.

—The James Bay lacrosse club will meet this evening at the Caledonian grounds. The meeting will be called to order at 8 o'clock, and a large attendance of members is urged. The prospects for junior lacrosse were never better in Victoria.

—Robert Lawson, aged 67, died at his home, James Bay, Monday morning. Deceased was an old resident here, having been employed at the customs for many years and lately being on the superannuated list. He leaves a widow, but no family.

The City of Puebla sails to-night for San Francisco. She will carry a very large number of passengers. Those from Victoria are: R. P. Rithet, Mrs. W. J. McCrae, Mrs. H. Clay, A. J. Holmes, J. Callen, John O'Brien, C. Hansen and wife, Miss M. Renwick, Miss Maud Renwick.

—At the meeting of the Single Tax club Wednesday night in Temperance Hall Miss Sims and Mr. Howell will sing songs and R. H. West will deliver a lecture on "The Dignity of Labor." The lecture will be followed by a discussion and questions from the audience will be invited.

—David Murray, an inmate of the Old Men's Home, was arrested yesterday on complaint of Caretaker Sutherland on a charge of using abusive language. The case was tried in police court this morning, and while Murray was convicted he was let go with a reprimand from Magistrate Macrae. The difficulty will no doubt be settled by the course adopted.

—The funeral of the late Mrs. Catharine Chadwick took place Monday afternoon, the services being conducted by the Rev. W. Leslie Clay. Many pretty floral offerings were on the casket. The funeral was largely attended. The pallbearers were: J. H. Emery, H. Mansell, Jas. Muthhead, T. Partridge, H. W. Sheppard and A. Wilson.

—Arrived—New wall papers. Mellor.

—No-To-Bac cures the tobacco habit. Bowes' drug store, 27 Johnson.

—Trout fishing opens on the 15th. A complete stock of tackle at Fox's, 78 Government street. Call and examine it.

—Gentlemen—To enjoy easy shaving, get an outfit at Fox's, 78 Government street. Instructions for using and stropping given.

—M. C. Brown, who has successfully managed the Adelphi saloon for twenty years, has again taken charge. He will be glad to see all his old friends as well as new ones.

—Among the latest goods received by Weiler Bros., can be seen some good values in counterpanes, lace curtains, cretonnes, sateens, etc., these are all for the spring trade.

—An honest hat is the noblest work of man. At least you are apt to think so if, having worn the usual poor hats at high prices you now try our good hats at low prices. Cameron, the cash clothier, 55 Johnson street.

—Grand stereopticon lecture of the cities of the United States, by the Rev. G. C. King, in the Reformed Episcopal school room, Humboldt St., Wednesday evening next, 20th instant, at 8 p. m. Tickets 25c. to be had at the door.

—The inmates of the Old Men's Home will have plenty to do the coming summer. Two acres and a half of soil have been ploughed at the Home and the old men will have an opportunity of practicing market gardening. The city council intend that the old men shall raise the vegetables consumed at the home.

—The roof of the residence of T. Futcher, Parkinson street, near Cook street, was burned this morning. The fire occurred by sparks from the chimney falling on the roof, the high wind igniting the shingles. The fire brigade was at the fire in good time, extinguished the flames and were back again in the station house in 35 minutes. Damage, $25.

—The lot on the northwest corner of Courtney and Government streets has been purchased by Robert Porter & Son, the butchers, from the Hudson Bay Company, the price being $20,000. The site is opposite the new postoffice and will prove a desirable location. Porter & Son will erect a two-story brick building, 50x90 feet, on this property, and will occupy a portion of the building themselves. Plans are being prepared by Architect Bayne. The building will cost between $5000 and $6000.

—According to present plans the steamer Victoria of the Northern Pacific line, will be dispatched to the Orient on Saturday next. The steamship Tacoma, of the same line, is due here on Wednesday next. The rumor that another vessel will be added to the line this summer has been revived again. The officers of the Victoria stated when here that they believed the addition would be made this year. They had no idea what steamship would be brought here but were of the impression that she would be speedier than any of those now on the line, and would have better passenger accommodations.

—The Rev. G. C. King will deliver his stereopticon lecture "A Tour of the Cities of the United States," to-morrow evening at 8 p.m. in the school room of the R. E. church, Humboldt street. The pictures will include President and Mrs. Cleveland, ex-President and Mrs. Harrison, views of the interior of the White House and senate chamber, etc. Some 92 slides of the principal cities from Boston to San Francisco will pass through the lantern, and no doubt many home scenes will present themselves to those of our citizens who can make it convenient to take in the exhibition.

—The Times did not publish in its account of the public meeting held on Saturday night the statement of Ald. Williams as to the amount of the water works loan available. The original loan amounted to $150,000. Of that amount $25,000 was expended on land and improvements, and the pipe ordered last summer will cost $12,000, leaving a total sum unused of $113,000. Ald. Williams says that he did not state that some people called him a bore for his persistency in the filter bed plans matter but that some "might" do so. He also says ex-Ald. Humber is not opposed to the flume plan.

—The impression has gone abroad that the anti-toxine treatment is being administered to the diphtheria patient at present in the Isolation hospital. Such, however, is not the case. The attack is a very light one and the patient has so far recovered that he will be discharged in a few days. The staff of the Jubilee Hospital and Dr. George Duncan, medical health officer, are both in possession of supplies of anti-toxine and in the first serious case of diphtheria it will be applied. Its success has been demonstrated elsewhere, but the actual administration of any such remedy with the opportunity of watching and studying its effects is not only highly interesting to medical practitioners but to laymen. There is no anxiety that anyone should take the dreaded disease but if anyone does a whole lot of curiosity is going to be satisfied.

Quick Time to the East.

The Northern Pacific railroad company has put into effect a new and shorter schedule for eastbound trains, which now leave Seattle at 2 p.m., and Tacoma at 3 p.m., daily, making the run to Chicago in 16 hours less than heretofore. Time to New York, four and a half days. Best schedule ever in effect across the continent. Passenger trains are all now lighted by electricity and heated by steam. For tickets apply to B. E. Blackwood, agent, Adelphi Building.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair.
DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

Paris Panels
For Brides and Ladies in Evening Dress.
SKENE LOWE, Photographer.

HE WAS TERRIBLY INJURED

Few Victorians Know How Badly Ex-Consul Levi P. Myers Was Burned.

He Was Five Months in a St Paul Hospital His Hands Are Useless.

—The many friends of Hon. Levi W. Myers, ex-U. S. consul, who have not met him since his return from the east, have little conception of the terrible injuries sustained by him in the accident on the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha railway in September last. His hands were frightfully burned, and he will never regain the use of them. His face, neck, and the back of the head are scarred and his left ear was badly burned. His very appearance is changed, and there is every evidence of torture and suffering from the deluge of burning oil that fell about him. The dispatches received here at the time of the accident indicated that he had suffered but slightly, and were very likely doctored by the railway company before being sent out. The accident happened in a peculiar way. On the morning of the day Mr. Myers left St. Paul for Chicago a westbound freight train in which there were three cars of oil was wrecked 50 miles east of St. Paul. The oil took fire and before the eastbound passenger arrived two had exploded. The passengers were stopped west of the wreck and those abroad were transferred around the wreck, Mr. Myers in common with the rest. The trainmen stated that there was not the slightest danger of the other car blowing up. Mr. Myers was standing near where the mail and express was piled preparatory to being put in the train east of the wreck when the oil exploded. Mr. Myers' head and hands were simply drenched with the burning oil, and when he staggered out of the line of fire where the burning oil covered the ground to the depth of an inch the flesh had peeled off the back of his hands from the wrists. The fumes of the fire suffocated some of those close at hand and they fell down in the oil. Mr. Myers was taken to St. Luke's hospital, St. Paul on September 15, and did not leave it until Feb. 16, five months and a day later. The physicians did not believe he would survive, and for five weeks he remembers nothing that occurred. He does not remember the arrival of his son a couple of weeks after the disaster, and he was so burned and blackened that his son did not know him. To illustrate the suppression of facts it may be added that the telegram sent to Mrs. Myers was toned down, and when one of the victims of the disaster who was burned about the back and spine died in the hospital not a line about it appeared in a St. Paul paper. The railway company was not disposed to recompense Mr. Myers in the slightest way, but the courts will be appealed to for justice. It is apparently a clear case.

As far as the use of his hands are concerned Mr. Myers is helpless. He cannot button his coat or cut a piece of meat and everything must be done for him. He can manage to scrawl out his signature, but that is about all. He was out to-day for the second time since he returned home, and speaking to a Times man said: "It is terrible to lose the use of my hands and to know that I will be helpless all my life, but I have resolved to be as happy as I can over it and make the best of it. I would not go through the last six months again for all the wealth of the United States. I will feel much easier when the tenderer spots harden up, and actual pain stops. In addition to pain, particularly at the end of my fingers, from which the nails are burned and warped back, I experience a slight deafness in the left ear which is on the side of the head most severely burned. My case is in the hands of a firm of St. Paul lawyers and I expect to return there in about a month."

—Insure your plate glass at Mellor's.

—Mary, Cowichan Indian, was brought down from Duncan's this morning. She has been sentenced to a month in jail for supplying liquor to Whortkanum, the Indian who fell out of his canoe when drunk. The Indian wife of Whortkanum prosecuted.

—The first number of the Canadian Sporting News, issued in Toronto, has been received. It is to be devoted to sports of all kinds, and from the appearance of the first number should become popular in all parts of Canada. Correspondents have been secured in all the principal cities of Canada.

—The Adams assault case has been adjourned till Wednesday afternoon at 2. The case was called in the provincial police court this afternoon, justices of the peace, Ward and Pearson, presiding. Deputy Attorney General Smith prosecuted and Mr. Helmcken defended. Mr. Helmcken asked for a continuation and Mr. Smith consented. The prosecution asked permission to amend the information. The charge stands as an indictable offence, and permission was granted to amend so as to give power to have the case summarily disposed of. The court room was crowded, the greatest interest apparently being taken in the proceedings.

Clearance Sale of Furniture & Etc.

The immense stock of well selected furniture, carpets, curtains, oil cloths, linoleum, crockery, glassware, lamps, etc., of the Schl-Hastie-Erskine Furniture Co., limited, will be sold at greatly reduced prices for cash. Call early and secure bargains.

'QUICKCURE' FOR Toothache
IT ACTS LIKE MAGIC. Never fails to give INSTANT and in most cases PERMANENT Relief....
Endorsed by Dentists and Physicians as a most important discovery.....
Sold by druggists everywhere, with instruments, 25c. and 50c.

$25 Suits for $17.00.
R. J. MATTHEWS, Merchant Tailor, 101 Douglas St.
Is selling a fine lot of $25 Suits for $17. First-class fit and workmanship guaranteed. Suits made and trimmed from $10 up. Good pants to order from $2.50 up. Call and examine these goods before buying elsewhere.
101 DOUGLAS STREET.

For the Good of the Family
DON'T FORGET
Blue Cross Tea
40c. 50c. 60c.
In ½ lb. and 1 lb. lead packages only.
HEAD OFFICE LONDON, ENGLAND. } Wholesale Agents: { WILSON BROS.

TO-NIGHT'S SMOKING CONCERT.

Young Liberals Meet in Pioneer Hall—Addresses by Opposition Candidates.

Extra seating accommodation has been provided for to-night's meeting of the Young Men's Liberal Club. At ordinary meetings of the club the seating capacity of Pioneer Hall has been taxed to its utmost and it was thought wise, in view of the rapid increase of the membership, to provide more chairs. The young Liberals have been looking forward with considerable pleasure to a visit from the opposition candidates, Dr. Milne and Mr. Templeman, and it is expected that there will be an unusually large attendance to-night, as those gentlemen are to be present and address the meeting.

As has been stated before, both in our advertising columns and locally, all young men standing in opposition to the present party in power at Ottawa, may join the club, and as they will have an opportunity of doing so at to-night's meeting, they are cordially invited to attend.

George E. Powell, who has had in hand the arrangement of a programme for to-night's smoking concert, promises a musical treat and a pleasant time may be expected.

ZE WIND SHE BLOW.

Nor 'Easter That Keeps Steamers in Port—Part of the Pedro Gone.

Victorians awoke this morning to find a north east gale blowing. For a time it developed, perhaps, a higher velocity than any wind storm of the year. The old familiar sounds of rattling shutters, swaying signs, and slamming doors were to be heard everywhere. No particular damage was done anywhere, although the prostration of a few fences was reported. The steamer Rosalie bravely went out at 9 o'clock on schedule time, and as long as she was in sight was doing very well. She was, however, given an unmerciful shaking off the mouth of the harbor. The Joan did not go out, and up to a late hour this afternoon was still at the ntes wharf.

The wreck of the San Pedro suffered considerably. A week ago the hull broke in two, and this morning the stern slipped off the rocks into deep water, disappearing from sight. Damage was also inflicted on the remaining portion.

The watering carts made their appearance along in the forenoon and their coming was welcome, particularly in the business district.

—Next Saturday evening the final concert of the season under the auspices of the Independent Order of Good Templars of this city will be given under the direction of Mr. J. G. Brown. A splendid programme has been prepared and a glance at the names of those taking part with Mr. Brown is a guarantee of the quality of the music, as well as of their ability to render it in an artistic manner. There will be several choice male quartettes given. This class of music has attained a wonderful degree of popularity of late in this city and provides a pleasant change from the usual string of solos. There will also be several duets by well known vocalists, one of which is extremely humorous, entitled "Suspicious," by Mr. Watson and Mr. J. G. Brown. Mr. Allan, the well known elocutionist, has kindly assented to appear. Messrs. Muir and Floyd, also well known vocalists, both in part song singing and in solo work will contribute to the enjoyment of the evening. Mrs. Greigson, a lady not often heard in concerts here, will also favor the audience with a solo. Miss Honor, one of our best contraltos, Miss Brown, the clever and popular violinist, Miss Cameron, whose readings Victorians are ever ready for, Messrs. Watson, Piper, Hall Bros., and J. G. Brown have all consented to appear, making a programme for quantity and quality not to be surpassed by amateurs anywhere. Mrs. Hall will be the accompanist, and an enjoyable evening is in store for those who attend. This concert is not a free one, the last of that series having been given last Saturday evening when the place was crowded to the doors and it is expected that a similar result will be obtained although a charge of twenty-five cents will be made on this occasion.

—James H. Falconer, manufacturer of condiments and table delicacies, has been fortunate in securing the services of H. Wills, who for eleven years was in the employ of Crosse & Blackwell, being for part of that time foreman of that well known company's factory. This will give Mr. Falconer an even better opportunity of supplying the people with first class goods. He has gone to some expense to secure the services of Mr. Wills and should be rewarded by liberal patronage.

Quick Time to the East.

The Great Northern train now leaves Seattle at 6 p.m. and arrives in St. Paul at 5:50 p.m. This change in the time card puts Victorians 20 hours nearer St. Paul, Chicago, New York, etc., and passengers have only to lay over at Seattle one hour now.

WEAK-MAN
Cure yourself in fifteen days. I will send Free (sealed) the prescription and full particulars of a new and positive remedy for all weakness in young or old men. Cures lost manhood, nervous weakness, impotency in 15 days. I will also furnish remedies if desired. Enclose stamp and address P.O. Box 578, Toronto, Ont. e-o-d

NO EXCUSE
For paying out your good hard earned cash for Eastern Soaps, as FINDLEY BROS are manufacturing
PURE SOAPS,
That cannot be beaten. Give our Pure Soap one trial and be convinced of their superiority over all others.
Positively no adulteration. Nothing but the purest ingredients used in their manufacture. Can be used for laundry, toilet or bath.
Yours, for pure soaps.
FINDLEY BROS.,
VICTORIA SOAP WORKS,
Cor. Herald and Government Sts.
P.S.—Bring your clean grease to exchange for Soap or cash.

The Survival
...OF...
The Fittest
The fittest contrive
To longest survive
'Tis a fact the great savant computes;
In this we concur
And this week refer
To the style and fit of our suits.
NEW GOODS.
NEW PRICES.
SUITS FROM $18.
PANTS FROM $4.
W. D. Kinnaird,
The Cash Tailor, 45 Johnson St.

"FOSTER AND HIS DEFICIT."

How the Government Endeavors to Live Within its Income.

(Sir Richard Cartwright at Sarnia)

Our friends the enemy have not forgotten their old tricks. As it was with them in 1873, so is it now in 1895. If they must resign the treasury benches, they will at least leave a precious legacy to their successors. Then as now they heaped up obligations without making any, even the slightest effort to provide for them. Then as now they seem to have deliberately calculated that if they retained office they would trust to the chapter of accidents and blind chance to pull them through, and if they lost it that they would try to saddle their successors with the responsibilities which of right should have rested on themselves. Sir, I very well remember that when I took office in 1873 the very first circumstance to which my then deputy called my attention was the pleasant fact that the former Government had deliberately increased the yearly expenditure by just $4,000,000 without making any provision by new taxes or otherwise for one single copper of it, and at the same time entered into obligations involving an outlay on capital account of some $60,000,000, also unprovided for, the interest on which would involve a further annual charge of about three millions a year more. It is scarcely necessary to add that when these proceedings had borne their natural fruit, and when the necessity of providing for these huge outlays, coupled with the loss of revenue arising from a very prolonged and very wide-spread period of depression, had resulted in a deficit, these very men, whose own intolerable extravagance and improvidence were the direct and manifest causes of our difficulties, were the first and the loudest to censure Mr. Mackenzie and myself because we could not at once and at short notice completely overcome the deficits which were the direct results of measures entered into in defiance of our protests and our strenuous opposition; nor have I the very slightest doubt that if the Reformers took office to-morrow the whole energy of the Conservative party would be devoted to proving, or rather asserting, that to us and to us only was it due that this year of grace, 1895, is likely to all appearance, to end in a dficit of six millions.

And now, Sir, to see how far the recent action of the Minister of Finance has justified my charges. And here—just here, as Mr. Foster is wont to say—I will give you in his own identical words, his own statements of his duty in the position which he found himself in about one year ago. Mr. Foster then declared:—

"If the expenditure from the 10th of March to the end of the year should be normal that would leave us with a deficit but this government has come to the conclusion—a wise conclusion—which I think will be echoed by this House, and in which the Government will have the co-operation and cordial help of this House—to endeavor to live during the year within our income, and if our income is less, to resoultely keep down the expenditure, so that in the end we shall not have that unwelcome visitation which so often made its appearance to my hon. friend who sits opposite me—an ugly and ill-visaged deficit. A prudent business man, any prudent business concern, any private gentleman, any householder, would take that course of action; and in the national house-keeping it is equally incumbent, it seems to me, to follow the same."

These are the brave words—very brave words indeed. Not even ancient Pistol could have mouthed his heroic resolutions more loftily, and not even ancient Pistol could have failed to cary them out more ignominiously when put to the test. This is what Mr. Foster said, but what did Mr. Foster do? He knew right well, almost as soon as he had delivered that speech, at any rate long before the house rose, that the year must terminate with a deficit of a million or over. He knew right well, or, at any rate, he had been warned often enough by myself and others, that Canada was perfectly certain to suffer during the curent year to a further extent in consequence of the commercial disasters of the United States. Sir, Mr. Foster's language was all right, but his actions displayed a most deplorable lack of nerve or knowledge.

You heard his proffesed determination to live within his income; also to stop capital expenditures; also to enforce strict economy; and yet Mr. Foster's first acts were to throw away nearly half a million dollars of revenue by agreeing to a reduction in the duties on beer and wines, and then, with a full knowledge of the existence of a large deficit for 1893-4, and of the probability of a much larger one for 1894-5, Mr. Foster, by way of emphasizing his own declarations, deliberately proceeded to add a million a year to our fixed charges by granting several millions of additional and wholly unnecessary railway subsidies, and by engaging to pay three-quarters of a million a year for a fast Atlantic service—and all without making the smallest provision in the way of additional taxes for either the original deficit or the loss of revenue, or these additional charges! Not much wonder, you will say, under such circumstances Mr. Foster evades meeting Parliament and utterly declines to give any intelligible explanation of his intention. Unhappily the real explanation is not far to seek. It is simply that Mr. Foster in agreeing to these things was overborne by his colleagues, and that he lacked the will and energy to do his duty, and to maintain the position he had originally and correctly taken up.

So also as regards his attempted tariff reform. It was a weak and ineffective scheme at best—about as likely to afford any real, substantial relief to the consumer as the proposal to reduce a ton load by lightening it to the extent of an ounce; but poor and small as it was, it was still a move in the right direction. But here again Mr. Foster was reckoning without his host, or rather without his paymasters, and when the irate manufacturers descended upon him, poor Mr. Foster had literally to take to the woods to devour all his own words, and reconstruct the tariff, till in many cases the total taxes levied were, if anything, rather higher than they were before. As to the absurd pretence that the present loss of revenue is due to any appreciable extent to the reduction of taxation, allow me to call your attention to one or two simple facts. I have here a short table showing our imports of dutible goods for the months of November and December in 1893 and 1894, and also the exact duties paid thereon, and I find it reads as follows:

Dutible goods imported in November and December, 1893:

Total amount	$8,883,490
Duty thereon	$2,906,735

Percentage of duty 32.7 per cent.

Dutiable goods imported for November and December, 1894:

Total amount	$8,239,535
Duty thereon	$2,965,581

Percentage of duty 32.4 per cent.

Verily, gentlemen the reduction in the tariff has got in its fine work. Only think of it! Your burdens have really and actually been lessened to the extent of three-tenth parts of one per cent! Now is not this a real triumph of skill and patience, and ought not everybody to be satisfied? And it took Mr. Foster and his colleagues only twelve months to think it out and three months to put this stupendous scheme into execution.

ARE YOU CLEANSED?

WITHOUT CLEANSING THERE IS NO TRUE LIFE.

PURE BLOOD MEANS HEALTH AND STRENGTH.

Paine's Celery Compound the World's Best Spring Medicine "Makes People Well."

In spring time nature commences to don a fresh attire. She puts on new garments and decks herself with fresh beauties. She throws aside the dull and dead condition of winter with its accumulated impurities, and is infused with a new and vigorous life.

In like manner, at this season, should all men and women banish the weights and burdens of impurities with which the system is filled. The blood is filled and clogged with poison and disease; the nerves are weak; the muscles are flabby and relaxed. The whole system is like a disordered house; it requires cleansing and setting in order, that all the machinery may work safely and harmoniously.

Thousands who have been cleansed and made strong by Paine's Celery Compound, willingly support the assertion that his medicine cleanses and rejuvenates the human system in spring time, in a way that no other medicine can do. It gives a new life, fresh red blood, vigor and strength to the weak, nervous, rheumatic and dyspeptic, and makes the skin of those suffering from blood diseases as soft and clean as that of a little child. Mr. D. McMahon, of Peterboro, Ont., thankful for new and fresh blood and renewed health, writes as follows:—

"I have great pleasure in testifying to the fact that Paine's Celery Compound has caused a remarkable change in my condition. I was troubled with a very bad type of Eczema on my face, and in patches over my body for four years; and was under treatment of three doctors at different periods. I have also tried other remedies, but all proved useless. At last I bought a bottle of Paine's Celery Compound, and put in bottle of Potassium, as recommended on the label. The one bottle did me so much good that I bought five bottles more, and now am happy to say I am perfectly cured, and completely free from the troublesome disease."

RETIRED ORGAN GRINDERS.

A Colony of Them Living at Their Ease in Italy.

A whole village of well-to-do Italians, speaking English with an American accent, is one of the most astonishing things that Italy offers to the tourist. They are retired organ grinders, who have acquired comfortable fortunes in America, and have come back to their beloved native land to live in affluence with their families in this strange little colony which they have founded among the sweet Italian mountains. The stranger in walking through the quiet streets is often astonished at the sound of a hand organ sending forth the familiar strains of some once popular air from within some one of the houses, giving evidence of the affection in which the organs are held by their swarthy, dark-eyed owners, and which most of them cherish fondly in their ideal life of idleness to afford them the music which means so much in their lives.

To have perfect health you must have pure blood, and the best way to have pure blood is to take Hood's Sarsaparilla.

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Don't be deceived ...BY... worthless imitations

SOLD BY ALL FIRST-CLASS STORES IN 5 OR 10 POUND BOXES.

THIS IS IT

COREAN MINISTERS.

The Legation at Washington to be Continued by Corea.

Washington, March 18.—Yee Heun Gik, Corean charge d'affaires, who has been confined to the legation in this city by serious illness for the past three months, has been recalled by his government at his own request and will leave to-morrow for San Francisco, where he will take the steamer China on the 26th instant for home. Until another minister reaches here from Seoul the legation will be in the hands of Pak Yong Kin, who was educated at the University of Pennsylvania and who has been secretary of the legation since the close of the World's Fair at Chicago, where he was Corean commissioner. Considerable significance is attached to this latest change in Corean representation here, as it demonstrates that Corean independence of Japan as well as China is to be maintained in the relations of the Hermit Kingdom with the United States. The Corean legation at Washington occupies a handsome residence owned by the Corean kingdom. It is now the only legation of that country outside of Tokio. Intimations have reached the state department from the American legation in Seoul that the Japanese advisers of the King of Corea had suggested the desirability of placing Corean relations temporarily in the hands of Japanese ministers in foreign countries, but on account of the existing friendship of the United States, which is the only nation excepting Japan maintaining diplomatic representation in Seoul, the King of Corea declined to agree to the proposition, and insisted on continuing control of the channels of communication with the United States, which the Corean nation has every reason to consider its warmest friend.

HEALTH RESTORED

APPETITE REGAINED.

STRENGTH RETURNED.

Distressing Constipation Cured by B. B. B.

Gentlemen,—For three years I have been terribly troubled with that distressing complaint, Constipation, and tried different medicines until last spring, when I commenced taking Burdock Blood Bitters, and after the use of five bottles had no more of my terrible suffering. Before I began using B.B.B. my appetite had almost gone and I was thin and very weak, but after the use of each bottle I could (and so did others) see a wonderful change in my looks, and I felt my strength returning to me.

Mrs. Geo. Eaman,
Dickinson's Landing, Ont.

CONTINUAL ADVERTISING IS THE ....PRICE OF BUSINESS SUCCESS....

TRANSPORTATION.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 26,

Taking effect March 1st, 1895.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday, at 2 o'clock a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going east Monday).

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13:15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Moresby Island, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports via Vancouver the first and 15th of each month at 8 o'clock p.m. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

JOHN IRVING, Manager.
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.

Thos. F. Oazes, Henry C. Payne, Henry C Rouse, Receivers.

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Pullman Sleeping Cars,
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TO

St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Fargo, Grand Forks Cookston, Winnipeg, Helena and Butte.

THROUGH TICKETS

To Chicago, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston and All Points East and South.

TIME SCHEDULE.

SPEED 18 knots	Victoria Route. S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON."				TONNAGE 1347
8 30 pm	Lv	M I	...	*Victoria...	110 Ar 4 30 pm
11 45 pm	Lv	36	Pt.	Townsend	72 Lv 1 30 pm
3 00 am	Lv	82	...	Seattle....	28 Lv 10 15 am
4 45 am	Ar	110	.	*Tacoma..	M I Lv 8 00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

* Daily except Monday.

S. E. BLACKWOOD
Freight and Passenger Agent, Victoria, B.C

A. D. CHARLTON,
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Great Northern Railway

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST.

THE BUFFET LINE.

Passengers leave Victoria daily at 9 a.m. for Spokane, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Winnipeg, Milwaukee, St. Louis and the East, running Buffet cars, with bathroom, barber shop, easy chairs, observation windows, library, writing and card tables, smoking room, etc., and Palace Sleeping and Dining Cars, Family Tourist Sleepers, and First and Second Class Coaches.

Direct connection made at Wenatchee with steamers to and from Lake Chelan and the Okanagan country. At Bonner's Ferry with steamers from Kasto, Ainsworth, Nelson and other points in the Kootenay mining district. At Jennings' with steamer for Fort Steele. At Shelby Junction and Havre for Great Falls, Helena and Butte.

Crosses the Cascades and Rocky Mountains in daylight. Finest scenery in America, a line free from dust.

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Every 5 days for San Francisco

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TRANSPORTATION.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 23.

To take effect at 8:00 a.m. on Thursday, Jan. 10th, 1895. Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

SOUTH BOUND. (Read up.) No. 1 Pass. Daily	STATIONS.	NORTH BOUND. (Read Down.) No 2 Pass. Daily
Noon.	Victoria	P.M.
At 12.00	Russells	Ar 3.00
11.56	Esquimalt	2.56
11.46	Colwood	2.46
11.38	Langford	2.38
11.33	Peck's Siding	2.33
11.25	Latoria	2.25
11.15	Goldstream	2.15
11.05	Summit Siding	2.05
10.52	Shawnigan Lake	1.52
10.39	Cobble Hill	1.39
10.25	McPherson's	1.25
10.05	Robbins	1.05
9.55	Duncans	12.55
9.35	Somenos	12.35
9.25	Westholme	12.25
9.18	Chemainus	12.18
9.05	Oyster Bay Siding	12.05
8.55	Oyster Bay	11.55
8.44	Nanaimo	11.44
8.30	Wellington	Lv 11.30
A.M.		P.M.

On Saturday and Sunday.

Return tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Monday.

Return tickets for one and half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days including day of issue.

No return tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agent, Victoria, Duncan's and Nanaimo Stations.

A DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen. Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY

STEAMER JOAN

W. D. OWEN, Master.

On and after March 22nd, 1898,

Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:

Calling at Way Ports as freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria.....Tuesday 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox.....Wednesday, a.m.
" Comox for Nanaimo.....Friday, a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria.....Saturday, a.m.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at Jay Street wharf office, Victoria.

The Oceanic Steamship Company

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial Mails, will leave the Company's wharf foot of Folsom Street, San Francisco

FOR HONOLULU ONLY

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Saturday, April 13th, 1895, at 2 p.m.

For passage apply to 138 Montgomery St.
For freight apply to 327 Market street.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

The Splendid New 3,000 ton Steel Screw Steamer Monowai—Thursday, April 4th, at 8 p.m.

Or immediately on arrival of the English Mails.

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO.
General Agents

or W. WEBSTER, District Agent. H. E. CONNON, Agent, Beatson square, Victoria
CAPT. WM. WEBSTER, Agent for Puget Sound Territory

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY

$5 TO $10

Saved by purchasing Tickets for the East Via the Canadian Pacific Route.

Through Sleepers and Comfortably Upholstered Tourist Cars.

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GEO. McL. BROWN, Dist. Pass. Agt., Vancouver, B.C.

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NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RY.

ALL RAIL TO NELSON, B. C

The only through line to Nelson, Kaslo, Kootenay Lake and Slocan Points.

THROUGH TRAINS SEMI-WEEKLY.

Daily except Sunday, between Spokane and Marcus.

7.00 a.m. Lv....SPOKANE....Ar. 5.50 p.m.

Commencing January 6th, on Wednesdays and Saturdays Trains will run through, arriving at Nelson at 5:30 p.m., making close connection with the steamer Nelson for Kaslo and all lake points, arriving at Kaslo at 9:00 p.m. same days. Returning passengers will leave lake points and Nelson on Tuesdays and Fridays, arriving at Spokane at 5:20 p.m. same days.

Startling Prices Boys' School Suits, $1.50, $1.60, $2 00, $2.25, $2.50, etc. Men's Business Suits, $5, $6, $7.50, $8.50, etc. 15 Cases just to hand **Exceptional Values**

B. WILLIAMS & CO., Clothiers and Hatters, 97 Johnson St.

The Dancing Master.

BY JUSTIN HUNTLY M'CARTHY.

Against the lilac walls of the room the white dresses of the girls made blots of light. The shape of their faces, the color of their hair seemed to become immaterial to vanishing point in the pale gloom of the place. Beyond the fact that they were all dressed in white they seemed to have no existence; no idea of individuality, of personality, associated itself with those faint masses of hueless garments. They were like so many white flowers held up against a piece of purple paper and to the ordinary beholder, one flower differed not from another in glory.

The old dancing master walked slowly up and down the room surveying the girls. He held his kit and bow tenderly under his left arm, pressed judiciously to his side. With his right hand he alternately stroked and tweaked at his chin, which was always a sign that the teacher was perplexed. There was a rueful expresion in his light brown eye, and they looked from the long row of white silences to the window where the plane tree seemed grimly bare and black in the waning winter light. The long lilac room was painfully still for the master paced as softly as a cat and the white girls held their breaths. The lilac and white in the dying light steeped the place in a melancholy that was not untender. The only warm color in the room was the cinnamon brown of the man's habit.

Up and down the long room the master paced, visibly perturbed. Each time that he came to one of the two long windows that lit the room he paused and looked out through the naked branches of the plane tree at the river, as if he hoped to get some encouragement from its ceaseless flow. And each time he turned from the river view with the same look of disappointment upon his smooth, neat elderly face. The great clock at the other end of the room, the clock that had counted off so many lessons, seemed all at once to tick with unwonted loudness as if it, like the girls, were impatient for the master to stop his promenade and say or do something.

Perhaps the appeal of the clock had its effect. Perhaps in the stillness the master could catch faintly the sound of all those girlish hearts fluttering timidly together. He stopped for an instant, and looked at the long line of expectant faces.

"Young ladies, you can go."

Then as the girls relieved from their suspense moved eagerly forward to the adjoining room, where their belongings lay, the professor reached out his thin, fine white hand and touched one of the girls upon the shoulder.

"Come back," he said, "I want to speak with you."

The girl looked up in his face with a little start. Then she went into the ante-room with the rest.

When she returned in her everyday dress, with her hat and tippet on, and her dancing shoes neatly put away in the reticule that hung on her mittened arm, the master was standing at the window again, drumming nervously on the pane. He had put his kit and bow down on the gilded table between the two windows, the gilded table that always seemed to the girl the emblem of ineffable luxury and repose.

The master heard her come in, but for a moment he did not turn, and the girl stood watching him, her pale plainish face paler than ever with expectation, and her dark eyes shining in the twilight. The master turned and walked abruptly up to her.

"You will never make a dancer," he said.

The girl looked at him with an expression on her face as if her had struck her. He saw the expression, and spoke quickly and sharply to hide his pity.

"It is no use for you to come here any more," he said. "You will never make a dancer."

"But I must," the girl answered, with tears in her eyes and tears in her voice, while her right hand pulled nervously at the fingers of her left.

"Never, never, never!" he insisted. "It is no use deceiving yourself, and as I look at you I cannot deceive myself. Please do not come here any more."

"Oh, but, sir!"—the girl lifted her clasped hands toward him. He shook his head angrily.

"I know what I know, and I say what I know. I cannot have you here any more. Could you ever do the 'Pas de Zephir?' Never. Can you do the 'Fouette' or the 'Ballonne?' Bah! You will never know the difference between a 'coupe' and a 'jette.' Go away please. We have finished. You will never make a dancer."

There was a firmness in his voice which showed that his decision was final. The girl made no further attempt to contest the decree. It was like the judgment of the gods—absolute, irrevocable. She turned silently and went out of the room, very quietly. But when the door closed behind him the strained sensibilities of the master could hear the stealthy sobbing which she tried to stifle as she slipped down stairs and into the gaunt hall. He heard her close the door, and for one moment he was tempted to go to the window and call her back. But he shook his head. "Better sooner than later," he said to himself. "She could never make a dancer." Then he sat down to the harpsichord and played over a gavotte of Lully's until he had played the plain, awkward girl out of his memory.

II.

It was summer and very warm. The master sat at his window in the same long lilac room. It was very pleasant to sit there and watch the river and the wherries and barges, and to reflect in its prosperous, peaceful evening upon the events of a painstaking, successful life. The master did not smoke; it was a custom he abominated, but there was a flask of white wine near to his hand and a glass half full of the yellow juice from which ever and anon he took a self-satisfied sip. He seldom gave lessons now, for his daughter had married and his son-in-law carried on the teaching admirably, knowing Rameau almost as well as the old master whom he adored. But the master liked to sit in the dancing room of an afternoon after dinner and dream over old experiences.

Just now, however, he was thinking not of the past but of the present; for he had laid down a news-sheet in which there was talk of a dancer at the opera who was setting the town wild, a dancer who had conquered European capital after European capital, and was now making playgoers mad with pleasure. The master seldom went to the playhouse now; he was old and liked his ease, but a vague fancy came to his mind that he would go to the opera and see this pearl. It would be a treat for his son and daughter.

A carriage came slowly down the river road where carriages did not often come. The master looked at it with languid surprise, and lifted his glass to his lips. But it stopped at his own door, and he set the glass down again in surprise. A gilded footman got down and opened the carriage door, and a very splendid lady got out. The footman pushed back the iron gateway of the little front garden and the splendid lady came in, bringing a blaze of color into the house, waved her hand and laughed and then she ran up the steps and out of his sight, and he could hear the muffled thunder of a knocking at the door.

He had scarcely risen to his feet, slowly trying to recall the face that had just laughed at him, when the door of the dancing room opened, and the splendid lady came in, bringing a blaze of color into the quit room. The master bowed, but the lady ran rapidly across the room, and before he was well aware of it she had kissed him on both cheeks. He seemed to be enveloped in an atmosphere of delicate, haunting perfume, as she caressed him. Then she let him go and fell back a little way looking at him and laughing. He had a confused sense that she was dressed in a rare brocade that glowed with crimson and orange, and that her cloak was brightly blue. She was not very handsome, perhaps, but she looked handsome in her rich habit, and the many jewels on her fingers and throat. Her great dark eyes danced with mischief, and as she nodded her head the feathers in her hat danced also.

"You do not know me," she said. "I am"—and then she gave him the name of the dancer who had become the talk of the town.

The master took a punch of snuff and bowed again, while he murmured something about the honor in a tone that implied a question.

"You don't remember me," she said again. "Ah, I remember you," and she mentioned this time another name—the name of a little girl whom he had sent away from his class because she was so incapable.

The man sought in his memory over a space of nearly ten years; then he remembered, bowed again and again took snuff.

The splendid lady would take no Jenial he must needs come that very evening and see his old pupil dance at the opera. She had got the noblest box in the house for him. He must and should come. There was something about her manner which was quiet irresistible. So he promised and the shining vison vanished, leaving behind it in his mind a jumble of colors and jewels and perfumes and divine eyes and a divine laugh. He watched the coach drive off from the window, and the dancer leaned out of the window and waved her hand to him merrily till she was out of sight.

That evening the old dancing master sat in the opera house in the noblest box in the theatre. He sat between his son-in-law and his daughter with his eyes fixed upon the stage. The great theatre was packed, and when at length the time came for the ballet, and the curtain drawing up revealed the adored dancer, the house raved at her. Only the master with his sober black and white sat with his hands folded on the front of the box and waited.

The dance began. It was marvellous. The dancer's body was plastic, supple, exquisite. She danced a strange dance, in which she did wonders with a long silken scarf, moving hither and thither like some figure from a Grecian vase, from a Pompeiian wall. When it ended and the house raged for more, she did a Spanish dance, in which to the clicking of her castagnettes she expressed, hardily, triumphantly, all the passion of the south. When it was over the house rained flowers upon the stage and a thousand hands thundered an applause that brought the woman again and again before the curtain.

When it was over the servant of the theatre came to the box and begged that the master would come to the dancer's dressing room. He bade his children go home, and followed the messenger behind the scenes to the dancer's room. A crowd of men were waiting outside it. He alone was admitted. She was changing her dress behind the screen, but she soon came out again, clasped him by the hand, and kissed him on both cheeks, and thanked him for coming. Then she talked volubly of all the places she had seen and showed him trophies of her triumphs, wreaths of gold, wreaths of silver, and rare jewels, and finally she asked him if he would come out to supper with her and some friends, and she mentioned some great names. The old man declined with the politest bow, and would have withdrawn, but she insisted upon his staying and seeing her to her coach. So presently the impatient young gentlemen and the impatient old gentlemen who were waiting outside had the surprise of seeing their idol come out in all her splendor leaning on the arm of a little gentleman in black, who showed traces of snuff on the ruffles of his shirt.

Through the crowd there the master escorted the dancer to the stage door and through the crowd outside the stage door he still conducted her to her coach. As he still declined to accompany her she leaned out of the window, waving aside as she did so the throng of admirers and the handsome gentleman who was waiting to take his place at her side.

"Well," she said, with a bright laugh. "You see you were wrong after all. Say that you are sorry, and I will forgive you."

But the master shook his head.

"I do not think that I was wrong," he said very gravely. "You will never make a dancer."

Then raising his hat politely, he turned and moved slowly away down the street.

SAMSON.

The London Speaker, which ranks very high as a literary authority, said in its issue of March 2nd that the best American poem published in many years was "Samson" by Rev. Frederick George Scott. The poet is a son of the late Dr. W. E. Scott, late proffesor of anatomy at McGill University, and is an Anglican minister at Drummondville, Que. "Samson" is only one of his many striking poems. It first appeared two or three years ago, but was republished in Mr. Scott's last book, "My Lattice."

The poem is as follows:—

Plunged in night, I sat alone
Eyeless on this dungeon stone,
Naked, shaggy, and unkempt,
Dreaming dreams no soul hath dreamt.

Rats and vermin round my feet
Play unharmed, companions sweet;
Spiders weave me overhead
Silken curtains for my bed.

Day by day the mould I smell
Of this fungus-blistered cell;
Nightly in my haunted sleep
O'er my face the lizards creep.

Gyves of iron scrape and burn
Wrists and ankles when I turn,
And my collared neck is raw
With the teeth of brass that gnaw.

God of Israel, canst Thou see
All my fierce captivity
Do Thy sinews feel my pains?
Hearest Thou the clinking chains?

Thou who madest me so fair,
Strong and buoyant as the air
Tall and noble as the tree,
With the passions of the sea,

Swift as horse upon my feet,
Fierce as lion in my heat,
Rending like a whisp of hay,
All that dared withstand my way.

Canst Thou see me through the gloom
Of this subterranean tomb—
Blinded tiger in his den,
Once the lord and prince of men?

Clay was I; the potter Thou,
With thy thumb-nail smooth'st my brow,
Roll'st the spittle-moistened sands
Into limbs between thy hands.

Thou didst pour into my blood
Fury of the fire and flood,
And upon the boundless skies
Thou didst first unclose my eyes.

And my breath of life was flame,
God-like from the source it came,
Whirling round like furious wind,
Thoughts upgathered in the mind.

Strong Thou mad'st me, till at length,
All my weakness was my strength;
Tortured am I, blind and wretched,
For a faulty architect.

From the woman at my side,
Was I woman-like to hide
What she asked me, as if fear
My iron heart could come near.

Nay, I scorned, and scorn again
Cowards who their tongue restrain;
Cared I no more for thy laws
Than a wind of scattered straws.

When the earth quaked at my name
And my blood was all aflame,
Who was I to lie, and cheat
Her who clung about my feet?

From thy open nostrils blow
Wind and tempest, rain and snow;
Dost Thou curse them on their course,
For the fury of their force?

Tortured am I, wracked and bowed,
But the soul within is proud;
Dungeon fetters cannot still
Forces of the tameless will.

Israel's God, come down and see
All my fierce captivity;
Let Thy sinews feel my pains,
With Thy fingers lift my chains.

Then with thunder loud and wild,
Comfort Thou Thy rebel child,
And with lightning split in twain
Loveless heart and sightless brain.

Give me splendor in my death—
Not this sickening dungeon breath,
Creeping down by blood like slime
Till it wastes me in my prime.

Give me back for one blind hour,
Half my former rage and power,
And some giant crisis send,
Meet to prove a hero's end.

Then, oh God, Thy mercy show—
Crush him in the overthrow
At whose life they scorn and point,
By its greatness out of joint.

Nervous People

Ah those who are all tired out and have that tired feeling and sick headache can be relieved of all these symptoms by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, which gives nerve, mental and bodily strength and thoroughly purifies the blood. It also creates a good appetite, cures indigestion, heartburn and dyspepsia.

HOOD'S PILLS are easy to take, easy in action and sure in effect. 25c.

Nell—Does your new beau kiss you every night on leaving?

Belle—No. Why do you ask?

Nell—I thought he did because he told me he liked your cheek.

PERRY DAVIS' PAIN-KILLER IS THE BEST REMEDY FOR SPRAINS, BRUISES, SCALDS, BURNS & CUTS.

WOMENS' COUNCIL.

They Ask That Part of the City's Charitable Fund be Placed in Their Hands.

Mayor Teague and members of the aldermanic board have received the following letter:

Victoria, March 16.

Sir:—As some doubt was expressed at the last meeting of the mayor and aldermen as to the working and objects of the Woman's Council, I am, as president, authorized to inform you that it numbers at present nearly seven hundred members in Victoria alone, and that its central idea is the uniting of all sects and societies in the place with the object of working together more heartily and systematically for the common good of all, and herein especially for the assistance and uplifting of the poor and needy.

To this end a special charitable committee has been formed consisting of workers drawn from every church and denomination.

The city has been divided into wards and districts, and visitors chosen from each have undertaken to investigate systematically every case where help is required and to report upon it to the central committee.

It is to enable us to carry out this scheme that we come before you petitioning that part of the city charitable fund may be entrusted to us to meet the many pressing demands which have already been brought to our notice.

From the extreme care with which our work has been organized we can confidently assure you that the most judicious disposition will be made of any funds committed to us, and we sincerely hope you may be induced to consider our appeal favorably. I have the honor to be sir, your obedient servant,

LOUISE BAKER,
President of Local Council of Women.

But One Opinion

Prevails throughout the world, and that is so strongly in favor of Perry Davis' Pain Killer, and no other article ever attained so wide spread popularity. 25 cents buys a big bottle.

CONTINUAL ADVERTISING IS THE ....PRICE OF BUSINESS SUCCESS....

These gentlemen are reading the statements made by the most eminent and scientific men and Physicians regarding the merits of ADAMS' TUTTI FRUTTI as an absolute cure for Indigestion. Before Imbibing.

JOHN MESTON,

Carriage Maker
BLACKSMITH, ETC.
Broad Street, Between Johnson and Pandora Streets.

Sewer Pipe

I have now for sale about twenty thousand feet best Scotch salt glazed SEWER PIPES (3 feet lengths), and all kinds of traps and fittings. The ONLY Pipe in Victoria to stand the test! ! ! !

Tiles . . . . . .

Received large consignment by last ship from England of Glazed, Printed and Art Tiles, for hearths and floors. The Latest Styles.

J W. Keller,
Corner Yates and Quadra Streets.

VICTORIA RICE MILLS
ROLLER FLOUR MILL
62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

LEGAL NOTICES.

Eli Beam Estate

A first dividend herein will be payable at J. Fullerton's store, 105 Government street, Victoria, on Wednesday, March 20th, 1895.
Dated March 13th, 1895.
S. PERRY MILLS,
13-1w Solicitor for J. Fullerton, Trustee.

Notice of Assignment.

Re estate of Charles A. Lombard. Pursuant to the "Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890," and the "Creditors' Trust Deeds Amendment Act, 1894."

Notice is hereby given that Charles A. Lombard, residing at 56 Collison street in the city of Victoria, B. C., carrying on business at 61 Government street in the city of Victoria aforesaid, under the style and name of C. A. Lombard & Co., music dealer, has by deed dated the 14th day of February, 1895, granted and assigned all his personal estate, credits and effects, which may be seized and sold under execution and all his real estate (except leaseholds) unto William Henry Bone, of 69 Government street in the city of Victoria, and residing at Holgate, Topaz avenue, in the said city, stationer, in trust, for the purpose of paying and satisfying ratably and proportionately and without preference or priority the creditors of the said Charles A. Lombard. The said deed was executed by the said parties thereto and the trusts thereby created were accepted and undertaken by the said William Henry Bone on the 14th day of February, 1895.

Creditors of the said Charles A. Lombard are required to send forthwith full particulars of their claims proved by statutory declaration to the said trustee, and all persons indebted to the said Charles A. Lombard are required to pay the amount of their indebtedness to the said trustee forthwith.

After the 15th day of April, 1895, the said trustee will proceed to distribute the assets among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to those claims of which he shall then have had notice, and the said trustee will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person of whose debt or claim he shall not at the time of such distribution have had notice.

Dated the 14th day of February, 1895.
S. PERRY MILLS,
46 Langley street, Victoria, solicitor for W. H. Bone, trustee.

A meeting of the creditors of the above estate will be held at the office of S. Perry Mills, 46 Langley street, on Saturday, the 23rd day of February, 1895, at 11 o'clock a.m.

W. H. BONE, Trustee.

Notice of Assignment

Pursuant to the "Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890," and Amending Acts.

Notice is hereby given that John Graham Brown, of No. 45 North Chatham street, Victoria, British Columbia, contractor, has by deed dated the 14th day of February, 1895, granted and assigned all his real and personal estate (save as therein excepted) to John Manson Malcolm, of No. 43 Henry street, in the said city of Victoria, stone mason, in trust, for the benefit of all the creditors of the said John Graham Brown. The said deed was executed by the said parties, and the said John Manson Malcolm accepted the trusts thereunder, on the 14th day of February, 1895. All creditors are required to send full particulars of their claims, proved by affidavit or declaration to the undersigned on or before the 20th day of March, 1895.

Dated this 20th day of February, 1895.
THORNTON FELL,
Solicitor for the assignee, 50 Langley street, Victoria.

CREDITORS' MEETING.

A meeting of the creditors will be held at 50 Langley street, Victoria, B. C., on Monday, the 4th day of March, 1895, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. (23-1m

In the Matter of the "Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890" and Amending Acts.

Notice is hereby given that Joseph C. Devlin, of 234 Simcoe street, Victoria, did by deed dated the 13th of February, 1895, grant and assign his real and personal property unto Charles Fox Todd, of Wharf street, Victoria, and 218 Johnson street, Victoria, merchant, in trust, for the purpose of paying and satisfying ratably or proportionately and without preference or priority the creditors of the said Joseph C. Devlin.

All persons having claims against the said Joseph C. Devlin are requested to forward and deliver full particulars thereof, duly verified, to the said trustee on or before the 15th of March, 1895, after which day the said trustee will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have had notice.

Dated February 15th, 1895.
C. F. TODD, Trustee.

A meeting of the creditors of the said Joseph C. Devlin will be held in the office of the said C. F. Todd on Wharf street, Victoria, at 3 p.m., on Friday, the 22nd day of February, 1895.

C. F. TODD, Trustee.

SING KEE
24 Herald St., Victoria, B.C.
INTELLIGENCE OFFICE.
All kinds of Chinese labor supplied at shortest notice. Contracts taken.

NOTICE.

Douglas Street, from Pembroke Street to King's Road, is closed to public traffic.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.
oc8-tf

GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION

A SUCCESSFUL MEDICINE OF 30 YEARS USE. A few cases of Nervous Debility, Weakness of any Structure and Want of Confidence in myself guaranteed to cure any case of nervous complaint, after all other medicines have failed. With every $5.00 box, we issue a written guarantee to refund the money if a permanent cure does not result. Pamphlet free. Sold only by all druggists, Victoria, Cascade Pharmacy, Co., Victoria, B.C. Sold and recommended by druggists everywhere. LANGLEY & CO., Victoria, B.C. aug13

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

ATHLETICS.

ATHLETIC ASSOCIATION BALL.

The management committee of the J. B. A. A. met last night and decided to hold the annual ball on April 19, the following committee being appointed: H. D. Helmcken, M. P. P., A. J. Dallain, W. R. Higgins, G. E. Jorgeson and E. Finlaison. At the coming North Pacific Oarsmen regatta H. D. Helmcken M. P. P., has been appointed commodore of the regatta, J. Stuart Yates vice-commodore, and E. O. Finlaison ensign.

The regatta will be held in July and promises to be largely attended.

GOLF.

GOLF CLUB MEETING.

The Golf Club annual meeting takes place Saturday, 30th inst. Members of the Tacoma and Vancouver clubs will attend. The events decided upon are:

Open event—To be played in one round of eighteen holes.

Club Handicap—To be played in one round of eighteen holes.

Open Handicap—Smith sweepstakes.

A nominal entrance fee will be charged. The ladies' club handicap will be played the 29th inst.

THE RIFLE.

AT THE BUTTS.

The new target constructed by Mr. T. Lawrie, and in position at Clover Point butts, does away with the screw attachment, and, in its stead, is a pivot giving a better balance to the target and causing it to revolve with perfect ease. This target has been favorably commented upon by riflemen.

YACHTING.

THE AILSA WINS.

Nice, March 19.—In the yacht races from Monaco to Nice to-day the Ailsa arrived first, the Valkyrie second, and the Corsair third. The Britannia did not compete. The Dakotah was first in the smaller series of the same cruise.

THE WHEEL.

A meeting of the trustees of the Cycling Association will be held this afternoon at 5. Tenders for the construction of the three lap cinder path at Oak Bay will be received up to Saturday.

FOOTBALL.

ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL.

There will be a general meeting of the junior Wanderers to-night at 7:30. All are requested to attend.

DON'T LIKE TOBACCO.

Congregation Hang Their Minister in Effigy for Smoking.

Avon Park, Fla., March 18.—When the Rev. Mr. Robinson, pastor of the Congregational church, at this place, stepped out into his front yard yesterday morning he saw an effigy of himself hanging from the limb of a tree. It had a placard bearing the inscription "So may all ministers be served who use tobacco." Avon Park was intended by its founders to be a model town. Liquor can not be sold in the place and lately there has been mutterings about the use of tobacco. Sunday night the matter came to an issue in the church. During a debate it developed that a majority of the congregation were in favor of expelling every man and woman who used tobacco in his study. The pastor hurried from the church accompanied by such of the congregation as agreed with him. During the night the indignation of the anti-tobacco faction increased to such a pitch that they hanged the offending pastor in effigy. The tobacco users of the town propose to build a church of their own with Mr. Robinson as pastor.

ALBERNI FRUIT GROWERS.

Messrs. Palmber and Ohlson Pay a Visit to That District.

Alberni, March 13.—Mr. Andrew Ohlson and Mr. R. M. Palmer from the provincial board of horticulture visited Alberni this week and held a meeting in the Alberni hotel on Monday forenoon. Although only short notice had been given of the meeting over twenty were present to hear what these gentlemen had to say on fruit growing.

Mr. H. Guilfod, I. A., was called to the chair. Mr. Ohlson spoke on fruit growing generally, urging strongly the necessity of under-draining the land, as he believed much of the no-success in fruit growing arose from the cold and wet condition of the soil where the trees were planted. He also spoke on the necessity of seeing that good healthy trees were got to start with, as much worthless rubbish was sold by itinerating tree pedlars. Pruning was next dealt with, explaining how young trees especially should be treated, and after the meeting was over gave object lessons in pruning in some of the orchards near by, which was much appreciated by those present.

Mr. Palmer, inspector of fruit pests, confined himself to that topic principally in his address, prefacing some remarks with regard to mistaken ideas prevailing as to the functions of the board of horticulture and explaining that its main object was to help fruit growers to help themselves, by educating them as to the various pests that have to be combated, and furnishing all the necessary information as to the spraying, etc., etc. He described the various pests to which fruit trees were subject and gave particulars of the washes recommended by the board and the time and mode of application.

At the close a hearty vote of thanks was tendered to both gentlemen for their addresses. It was arranged by those present that another meeting should be held in about a fortnight and all those interested in fruit culture invited; that the formation of a local association might be discussed; the benefit of such an association being strongly urged by Mr. Palmer.

Several orchards were afterwards visited. The delegates leaving the following morning.

HELD FOR TRIAL.

New York Policemen Charged with Accepting Bribes, Arraigned To-day.

New York, March 18.—Inspector McLaughlin, Captains Siebert, Murphy, Prince and Donohue and ex-Captain Devery indicted by the grand jury for accepting bribes were arraigned to-day and held for trial.

PRISONERS BREAK JAIL.

Murderer Blanck and Other Prisoners at Seattle Make a Break for Liberty.

Seattle, Wash., March 19.—Another of the escaped prisoners from the county jail was caught yesterday afternoon at four o'clock. The captured man was Williams, the horse thief. This makes three so far taken, Rutten and Cosgrove being the others captured yesterday morning. Murderer Blanck, who so cleverly got out of the way when Rutten was taken, is believed to be surrounded by deputies near Orillia, twelve miles south on the Northern Pacific. A cordon of officers surround the wood and it is thought he must be taken soon, dead or alive, probably dead. Holmes, another murderer, is reported to have been seen by two men who passed him on the railroad track near Auburn making for the south. The public are inclined to blame Jailer Yerbury severely for want of nerve in allowing himself to be held up by a fake gun and hoodwinked by Blanck, his own gun taken and then locked up in a cell. It is also stated, but the report lacks authenticity, that the jailer was bribed to act as he did. In this connection it is said that Blanck was arrested at Fairhaven four years ago for burglary, and that he was released by City Marshal Parker, who afterwards absconded. Blanck, in making his escape from the Fairhaven jail fired at Officer Bruhn but missed him. Bruhn some time ago recognized Blanck as the burglar who had shot at him. Upwards of one hundred men are out upon the trail of the men and every avenue of escape is guarded as carefully as possible. It is thought that Blanck may be taken to-day. Last night was a bad night for the escaped prisoners and it is thought that they cannot withstand the exposure and hunger without showing themselves.

ORIENTAL PRISON FOOD.

The Good Have Rice and Barley, the Ill Rice, the Bad Barley.

The prisoners in the big Tokio penitentiary have three meals a day, and there is a difference in the food according to their behavior. Those who do best have their mush made of half barley and half rice. Those who are not so good have two-thirds barley, and only the sick are given pure rice. There is no bread in Japan, and this mush takes its place. The Japanese are not as big eaters as we are, and the whole Japanese people could live fairly fell on what America wastes. The prisoners rise a little after four o'clock, and they have their breakfast before 5. At 12 they eat their dinner, and at 5:30 they have supper. They work ten and one-half hours and go to work at 9 o'clock. I watched the men at their dinner. They were fed in the workshops and each had their own table, in the shape of a board about two feet long and a foot wide. This they rested or low square tables of placed on the floor, and squatted on their heels or on their knees behind it and ate. None of the prisoners had knives, and their only table instruments were wooden chopsticks. I was especially struck with the cleanliness of both prisons and prisoners. There was not a bad smell anywhere, except that of the dinner, and this I found very appetizing until after my encounter with the horse meat. The faces and the bodies of the men were as clean as those of freshly-washed babies, and the prisoners take hot baths about three times a week. The baths are big vats in which twenty or thirty can soak at a time, and in which they go in white and come out as red as boiled lobsters. They dress in terra cotta gowns made of cotton, and they go barefoot or wear sandals of straw. Red is the prison garb all over Japan, and everything connected with the penitentiary is of this detested brick dust hue. Their bedclothes are dyed with it, and the wadded comforters on which they lie are of the same color.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Brief Locals.

—The Royal Templars of Temperance will meet to-night as usual at Sir William Wallace Hall.

—The filter bed plans are expected to arrive from the east to-night. A special meeting of the council will be at once called and the matter will be gone into.

—The sailing vessel Rufus E. Wood is in Esquimalt harbor weatherbound. She is from San Francisco and her destination is Nanaimo, where she will load coal.

—Ensign Edgecombe, of the Salvation Army, is expected to arrive from Toronto in a few days. Mr. Edgecombe will take charge of the Indian missions up north.

—M. E. Cleveland, C. Ames, Mr. and Mrs. Bathem, M. C. Ellison and R. Donaldson left Tuesday morning for Cape Town via the C. P. R. and the American line to Southampton. Their destination is the gold fields near Beira.

—The "Feast of Flowers" being held this afternoon in the Sunday school room of the Reformed Episcopal church has so far proved a complete success. A large number of ladies and gentlemen were present when the doors were thrown open at three o'clock and more continued to arrive during the afternoon. Many plants were disposed of and on the whole a very pleasant afternoon was spent. This evening the concert is to be held.

—The Conservatives were particularly active during last evening around the saloons, drumming up gentlemen to go and vote at their meeting to-night for the nomination of this or that candidate to stand at the coming election. They got many names and distributed many tickets of admission, and if a man did not care to take a ticket the touters said "come up and take a drink anyway," knowing by experience in the past the power of being liberal with the general fund. It matters not how nor by whom it may have been contributed.

—The cases of the five Chans summoned for threatening to kill Chan Yun Sing, were on for hearing this afternoon, and there was a long argument over the way Chan Chuck should be sworn. George E. Powell, for the prosecution, held that he should swear by the chicken and Lindley Crease, for the defence, argued that any oath he took would be binding. He agreed to swear by a burning paper and the prosecution produced a "joss" paper prepared by the high priest in which certain facts of the case were recited and the witness was made to swear to his duty that he would tell the truth about them. The witness declined to be sworn by it, and finally affixing his name to a small piece of legal note it was burned. At 4 o'clock the examination was proceeding.

EXTRADITABLE OFFENCES.

Offences for Which Persons Can be Extradited Between Canada and the States.

In answer to a correspondent the Times publishes the list of extraditable offenses between Canada and the United States. They are as follows:

Murder, piracy, arson, robbery, forgery and the utterance of forgeries, manslaughter (when voluntary), counterfeiting or altering money, embezzlement, larceny, receiving any money or valuable security or other property knowing the same to have been embezzled, stolen, or fraudulently obtained, fraud by a bailee, banker, agent, factor trustee or director or member or officer of any company made criminal; by the laws of both countries; perjury or subornation of perjury, rape, abduction, child-stealing, kidnapping, burglary, housebreaking or shopbreaking, piracy (by the law of nations), revolt or conspiracy to revolt by two or more persons on board a ship on high seas against the authority of the master, wrongfully sinking or destroying a vessel at sea, or attempting to do so; assaults on board a ship on high seas with intent to do grievous bodily harm, crimes and offences against the laws of both countries for the suppression of slavery and slave trading.

PASSENGERS.

Per str Princess Louise from Westminster—Mr and Mrs T E Ladner, Mrs Chalsey, Mrs Cammidge and child, Mrs Craig, J O'Brien, J C Allan, Prof Austin, J J Campbell, J Sedwell, Jos Wilson, J Goldsmith, Judge Bole, H Bain, T Sherman, S Hinchcliffe, J Fagan, J J Campbell.

Per str Walla Walla from San Francisco—J P Roberts, R Galbreath, J Rafferty, Mrs Deckhard and two children, Mrs Walton and three children, Wm Stephens, P H Dougias, J G Hyde, E W Waldron, R J Horton, Miss Horton, Robert Chipchase, W Curry, Mrs R W Clarke, Miss T E Robb, E J St Croix, H Beach, Jas Mitchell, W Warren, C F Thiele, W Watts, W C Jones, Mrs Davy, Mrs A Gelardi, F Gelardi, D Mitchell, Mrs Atkinson, S. Edgar, Miss E Duffie, Miss Stephens.

Per str Rosalie from the Sound—E S Pete, W S Meyer, F T Way, Miss Olson, Capt Jones, Mrs Hudgel, A White, A L McLeod, Mrs Richards, A M Campbell, Geo Howe, E Ulin, Miss Bark, F M Wells, A R Barnes, Mrs A Knapp, Miss May Spencer, Wm Ellis, Wm Stevens, Mrs Ness.

CONSIGNEES.

Per str Princess Louise from Westminster—P Englehardt, Geo Vienna, W J Jeffrey, J & A Clearihue, B C Cattle Co, R Beauchamp, J Tolliek, B Williams, W N Carmichael, Sere & Co, Hinton & Penny, Dom Ex Co.

Per str Walla Walla from San Francisco—Blair & Gordon, C R King, Colonist Co, Dr M Wade, D H Ross & Co, E G Prior & Co, Excelsior Brewing Co, Erskine, Wall & Co, Findley Bros, Fell & Co, J A Clearihue, H B Co, H Burnstein, H J Brady & Co, M Holbrook, H Waxstock, J Barsley & Co, Jno Leahy, J Savannah, Jno Partridge, Jno Wilson & Co, Crawford, Langley & Co, M M Gelardi, M Cohen, M C Feiger, On Sing, Okell & Morris, P Steele, R P Rithet & Co, R W Fawcett, S Leiser, Shawnigan Mill Co, Sneed Bros, Spratt & Gray, T H Tye & Co, W Mansell, Wilson Bros, Weller Bros, Watson & Hall, A Schilling, C Martin, Maher & Co, Stuart & Thorn, Rusty & Hall, C S Phelp, Winch & Bower.

Per steamer Rosalie from the Sound—R P Rithet & Co, Brackman & Ker Milling Co, C W Rogers, J A Ritchie, E Ulin, Jas Duncan.

Little Brother—You mustn't give the dog so much meat. It will make him vicious.

Little sister—How do you know?

Little brother—I've heard so, and, besides, and I notice that the teacher always brings meat for her lunch.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
Awarded Gold Medal Midwinter Fair, San Francisco.

GOLDMAN, The Toronto Tailor,
Cor. Broad and View Streets, Opposite Driard.
Carries a first-class stock of Merchant Tailoring Goods which he makes up in the latest styes at the most reasonable prices. First-class fit and workmanship guaranteed. Suits made up of your own goods from $10 and upward. Note the address; Cor. Broad and View Streets, opposite Driard.

Armour's ★ Star ★ HAMS and BACON.
Bacon sliced and beautifully packed in 1 pound boxes.
VERY DELICIOUS.
ERSKINE, WALL & CO.

PERSONAL.

T. E. Ladner and wife, Ladners, are registered at the Driard.

J. W. Miller and wife, Vancouver, have apartments at the Oriental.

R. P. Rithet leaves to-night by the City of Puebla for San Francisco.

Miss Duffie, of the Langdowne House, is home again from San Francisco.

R. Draper, Westminster; G. W. Grant, Vancouver, are at the New England.

J. H. Baines, Port Guichon, and Jas. T. Fagan, Vancouver, are at the Victoria.

Col. E. Elliott, Canable; W. F. Reitner, Philadelphia; A. A. Mayhew, San Francisco, are guests at the New England.

W. A. Carter has left for Mashonaland, South Africa. Mr. Carter is a well known cyclist. He goes to join his father.

Robert Chipchase returned from San Francisco by the Walla Walla last night. Mr. Chipchase has been two months in California.

Dr. A. M. Watson has received the appointment of resident physician at Alberni.

Judge Bole of New Westminster, arrived in the city by the Louise last night.

Fred. C. Anderson left yesterday for Southern California. Mr. Anderson is well known here and for three years was connected with the Victoria Tramway Co.

—Work on the food and shelter home of the Salvation Army will be started on Wednesday. The quarters will have been fitted out in the course of a fortnight.

Our First Shipment of
BICYCLES
For the season will be here any day now, so reserve your orders until you see our line of
Columbias, Stearns and Crescents.
M. W. WAITT & CO.,
SOLE AGENTS,
64 Government Street.

DENTAL NOTICE.
"A Word to the Wise is Sufficient."
Dental operations are not pleasant—the finest operators hurt; but care and practice reduce the pain to a minimum.
If you want your teeth filled without pain you can have the cavities dried out with absorbent cotton and filled with white cement, BUT NOT AT MY OFFICE. When a tooth is to be filled, I fill it properly in the first place, using gold for front teeth (Don't be persuaded your teeth are too soft for gold), and gold or amalgam as the patient wishes for the back teeth. I guarantee such fillings to stay in. If they don't it is my fault and you can have your money cheerfully refunded. I am here to stay and know that good dental work will build up a large practice in a short time, and this is what I am after.
I make artificial teeth of every description and they look natural, because I study the "temperament of the patient," and make the teeth in shade and size to match, and not a row of small white teeth, which look so ghastly you can tell a block away they are store teeth.
If you are not satisfied with the teeth I make, you don't have to take them. Under these conditions, it is worth your while to give me a trial. Work done on the easy monthly-payment system.
H. B. FINDLEY, D.D.S.,
Graduate of Philadelphia, 1889.
Over Baker's Shoe Store Government Street.

THE UNEMPLOYED.

In order that the unemployed may have a chance of utilizing idle land in the outskirts of the city for cultivation for the purpose of raising food for themselves and families, I shall be pleased to confer with parties who are willing to grant free use of such lands for the season. Those willing to assist in this good work will please leave their address and particulars at the City Clerk's office.

JOHN TEAGUE,
Mayor.

Victoria, B. C., March 14th, 1895.

AMUSEMENTS.

Feast ... ...of... Flowers
At Reformed Episcopal Church School Room to-morrow afternoon and evening. Grand Concert in the evening. Admission 25 cents; return tickets for entertainment.

General Steamship Agency.
THROUGH TICKETS
To and from All European Points

From Halifax.

Allan Line, Mongolian	Mar. 30
Allan Line, Laurentian	Apr. 13
Dominion Line, Oregon	Mar. 23
Dominion Line, Labrador	Apr. 6
Dominion Line, Vancouver	Apr. 20

From New York.

Cunard Line, Lucania	Mar. 23
Cunard Line, Etruria	Mar. 30
American Line, Paris	Mar. 20
American Line, New York	Mar. 27
White Star Line, Britannic	Mar. 20
White Star Line, Majestic	Mar. 27
Nor. Ger. Lloyd, Trave	Mar. 19
Nor. Ger. Lloyd, Lahn	Mar. 26
Anchor Line, Circassia	Mar. 23
Anchor Line, Furnessia	Apr. 6
Red Star Line, Rhyland	Mar. 20
Red Star Line, Westernland	Mar. 29
Allan State Line, California	Mar. 30

Saloon fares from $40.00 to $90.00, according to steamer and location of berth. Second cabin, $25.00 to $40.00. Steerage, $10.00 to $25.00. Passengers purchasing through tickets save from $5.00 to $10 on each fare. Parties wishing to send for their friends can save $10.00 by purchasing through tickets here. For sailing list, steamer accommodation and all information, apply to
GEO. L. COURTNEY, - Agent, Victoria.
Cor. Fort and Government Streets.

MERCHANTS' LUNCH
Served at the
Poodle Dog Restaurant
From 12 to 2 with glass of beer or claret, 40 cents.
Regular meals with glass of beer or claret 50 cents.
LOUIS MARBOEUF, Pro

Calendars! Calendars! Calendars!
Finest Selection in the City. Ten Varieties.
One given with every pair of boots.
Glad to show visitors the quality of our stock.
Cheap lot of Ladies' Shoes to hand. Ladies' Buttoned Boots (sample fours) are fine goods.
Some of the Babies' Goods still on hand.
Old Country Boot Store,
91 Johnson Street,
Between Broad and Douglas Streets.
JAMES FREEL, Proprietor.

Shall We Be Friends?
The newspaper's columns are probably our means of introduction to you. But once you know us and get acquainted with our way of doing business, we are sure the result will be a business friendship that will grow firmer as the years roll by.
Creighton,
86 Government St.,
The Tailor.
Drop in and see our Spring Suitings.